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=> FILE REG
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:33:44 ON 24 NOV 2009
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2009 American Chemical Society (ACS)
=> DISPLAY HISTORY FULL L1-
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:31:39 ON 24 NOV 2009
L1
             82 SEA HIRTHE ?/AU
L2
             81 SEA FOHR ?/AU
           1419 SEA BIER ?/AU
L3
L4
           1251 SEA SANGER ?/AU
L5
           197 SEA OTREMBA ?/AU
L6
           541 SEA WEDLER ?/AU
L7
              0 SEA L1 AND L2 AND L3 AND L4 AND L5 AND L6
L8
             0 SEA L1 AND L2
L9
             1 SEA L1 AND L3
L10
             0 SEA L1 AND L4
L11
             1 SEA L1 AND L5
L12
             2 SEA L1 AND L6
L13
            0 SEA L2 AND L3
L14
            0 SEA L2 AND L4
L15
            0 SEA L2 AND L5
L16
            0 SEA L2 AND L6
L17
            0 SEA L3 AND L4
             1 SEA L3 AND L5
T-18
L19
             1 SEA L3 AND L6
L20
            0 SEA L4 AND L5
L21
            0 SEA L4 AND L6
L22
             1 SEA L5 AND L6
L23
              2 SEA (L8 OR L9 OR L10 OR L11 OR L12 OR L13 OR L14 OR L15
                OR L16 OR L17 OR L18 OR L19 OR L20 OR L21 OR L22)
                SEL L23 1 RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:34:20 ON 24 NOV 2009
L24
             16 SEA (12158-74-6/BI OR 125761-45-7/BI OR 25038-59-9/BI OR
L25
          46649 SEA HO
L26
          17652 SEA 04P
L27
          2954 SEA L25 AND L26
L28
           2748 SEA L27 AND ((CU OR FE OR MN OR SB OR ZN OR TI OR NI OR
                CO OR V OR BI OR AL OR CE OR GE OR GA OR CR OR IN OR
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SN)/ELS OR (A1 OR A2)/PG)

3 SEA L24 AND PMS/CI

L29

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FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 17:09:53 ON 24 NOV 2009
L30
         31408 SEA L28
L31
        134724 SEA THERMOPLASTIC? OR THERMO(2A)PLASTIC?
L32
        245670 SEA L29
L33
           149 SEA L30 AND L31
L34
          475 SEA L30 AND L32
L35
            42 SEA L33 AND L34
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:10:51 ON 24 NOV 2009
T-36
           12 SEA L24 AND L28
    FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 17:11:02 ON 24 NOV 2009
L37
            77 SEA L36
L38
            6 SEA L37 AND (L31 OR L32)
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:11:35 ON 24 NOV 2009
               E PTT/CN
L39
             1 SEA PTT/CN
               E PBT/CN
L40
             4 SEA PBT/CN
               SEL L40 3 RN
L41
             1 SEA 24968-12-5/BI
              E PEN/CN
L42
             4 SEA PEN/CN
               SEL L42 4 RN
L43
             1 SEA 24968-11-4/BI
              E POLYETHYLENE/CN
L44
             1 SEA POLYETHYLENE/CN
               E POLYPROPYLENE/CN
L45
             1 SEA POLYPROPYLENE/CN
               E POLYVINYL CHLORIDE/CN
             1 SEA "POLYVINYL CHLORIDE"/CN
L46
              E POLYMETHYL METHACRYLATE/CN
              E PMMA/CN
L47
             1 SEA PMMA/CN
L48
             7 SEA L39 OR L41 OR L43 OR L44 OR L45 OR L46 OR L47
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L49
        471508 SEA L48
L50
          1500 SEA L30 AND (L32 OR L49)
L51
            79 SEA L50 AND L33
L52
            8 SEA L37 AND L49
L53
            10 SEA L38 OR L52
L54
           75 SEA (L35 OR L51) NOT L53
L55
           8 SEA 1808-2003/PY, PRY, AY AND L53
L56 45 SEA 1808-2003/PY, PRY, AY AND L54
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=> FILE HCA

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 18:34:16 ON 24 NOV 2009 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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=> D L55 1-8 BIB ABS HITSTR HITIND RE

1.55 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 143:27784 HCA Full-text

ΤI Production and use of thermoplastics with high IR absorption

IN Hirthe, Bernd; Foehr, Kirsten; Bier, Thorsten; Saenger, Heike; Otremba, Andrea; Wedler, Michael

Sachtleben Chemie G.m.b.H., Germany PA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ	WO 2005052049	A1	20050609	WO 2004-EP13441	
					200411
					0.0

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

26

AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES. FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,

GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

DE 10356334 A1 20050623 DE 2003-10356334

				<	200311 28
EP	1689810	A1	20060816	EP 2004-798094	200411 26
CN		SI, FI, RO	CY, TR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, CN 2004-80035153	
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BR	2004017010	A	20070221	< BR 2004-17010	200411 26
JP	2007512401	T	20070517	< JP 2006-540396	200411 26
IN	2006CN01853	A	20070223	< IN 2006-CN1853	200605 26
KR	2007009540	A	20070118	< KR 2006-712819	200606
US	20070155881	A1	20070705	< US 2006-580124	26 200607 18

PRAI DE 2003-10356334 A 20031128 <-WO 2004-EP13441 W 20041126

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB Thermoplastics which can be readily heated by (near) IR contain phosphates of Cu, Fe, Mn, Sb, Zn, Ti, Ni, Co, V, Mg, Bi, Be, Al, Ce, Ba, Sr, Na, K, Ge, Ga, Ca, Cr, In, or Sn of specified stoichiometry and, optionally, water of crystn. Adding a soln. of 100 g CuSO4.5H2O in 400 mt H2O (temp. 75-85°) continuously to 105 g Na3PO4.12H2O in

600 mL H2O (75-85°) with strong stirring and stirring at 80° for 2 h gave Cu2PO4OH (I) with a good cryst. structure. The IR absorption of PET contg. I is shown as a function of wavelength. 12158-74-6F, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4))

IT 12158-74-6P, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2 (IR absorbers for use in thermoplastics)

RN 12158-74-6 HCA

CN Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4)) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	l I	Ratio	 Re	Component egistry Number
	==+==:		+	
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	1	1	14265-44-2
Cu	1	2	1	7440-50-8

IT 9003-53-6 9003-56-9, ABS 25038-59-9,

uses

(IR absorbers for use in thermoplastics)

RN 9003-53-6 HCA

CN Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 100-42-5

CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 9003-56-9 HCA

CN 2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene and ethenylbenzene (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 107-13-1

CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2C \longrightarrow CH - C \longrightarrow N$

CM 2

CRN 106-99-0 CMF C4 H6

H2C==CH-CH==CH2

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

H2C=CH-Ph

RN 25038-59-9 HCA CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 62683-60-7, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu5(OH)4(PO4)2) 125761-45-7, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu3(OH)3(PO4)) 852929-90-9, Copper iron hydroxide phosphate (CuFe2(OH)2(PO4)2) 852929-92-1 852929-94-3 852929-96-5 852929-98-7 852930-06-8 852930-06-4 (IR absorbers for use in thermoplastics)

RN 62683-60-7 HCA CN Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu5(OH)4(PO4)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	- 1	Component
			1	Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	
HO	1	4	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	1	2	- 1	14265-44-2
Cu		5	- 1	7440-50-8

RN 125761-45-7 HCA

CN Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu3(OH)3(PO4)) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	- 1	Component
	- 1		- 1	Registry Number
	+		+	
HO		3	1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	1	1	14265-44-2
Cu	- 1	3	- 1	7440-50-8

RN 852929-90-9 HCA

CN Copper iron hydroxide phosphate (CuFe2(OH)2(PO4)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+==	
HO		2	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	2		14265-44-2
Cu	- 1	1	- 1	7440-50-8
Fe		2	- 1	7439-89-6

RN 852929-92-1 HCA

CN Aluminum copper hydroxide phosphate (Al4Cu3(OH)9(PO4)3), tetrahydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 852929-91-0

CMF Al . Cu . H O . O4 P

CCI TIS

CM 2

CRN 14280-30-9

CMF H O

OH-

CM 3

CRN 14265-44-2

CMF 04 P

CRN 7440-50-8 CMF Cu

Cu

CM 5

CRN 7429-90-5 CMF Al

Al

CN

RN 852929-94-3 HCA

Aluminum copper hydroxide phosphate (Al3Cu3(OH)3(PO4)4), tetrahydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 852929-93-2

CMF Al. Cu. HO. 04 P

CCI I.

CM 2

CRN 14280-30-9

CMF H O

CRN 14265-44-2 CMF 04 P

-0-1-0-

CM 4

CRN 7440-50-8 CMF Cu

Cu

CM 5

CRN 7429-90-5

CMF Al

Al

RN

CN

852929-96-5 HCA

Copper iron hydroxide phosphate (CuFe6(OH)8(PO4)4), tetrahydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 852929-95-4

CMF Cu . Fe . H O . O4 P

CCI TIS

CRN 14280-30-9

CMF H O

OH-

CM 3

CRN 14265-44-2 CMF 04 P

CM 4

CRN 7440-50-8 CMF Cu

Cu

CM 5

CRN 7439-89-6 CMF Fe

Fe

Calcium copper hydroxide phosphate (CaCu6(OH)6(HPO4)(PO4)2), CN trihydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 852929-97-6

CMF Ca . Cu . H 04 P . H 0 . 04 P CCI TIS

CM 2

CRN 14280-30-9

CMF H O

он-

CM 3

CRN 14265-44-2

CMF 04 P

CM 4

CRN 14066-19-4

CMF H O4 P

```
CM 5
         CRN 7440-70-2
         CMF Ca
Ca
         CM 6
         CRN 7440-50-8
         CMF Cu
Cu
RN
    852930-00-8 HCA
    Copper magnesium hydroxide phosphate (CuMg(OH)(PO4)), hydrate (2:5)
CN
     (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN 852929-99-8
    CMF Cu . H O . Mg . O4 P
    CCI
         TIS
         CM
              2
         CRN 14280-30-9
         CMF H O
OH-
         CM
              3
         CRN 14265-44-2
         CMF 04 P
```

CRN 7440-50-8 CMF Cu

Cu

CM 5

CRN 7439-95-4 CMF Mg

Mg

RN 852930-02-0 HCA CN Copper zinc hydro

Copper zinc hydroxide phosphate (Cu0-2Zn1-3(OH)3(PO4)), dihydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 852930-01-9

CMF Cu . H O . O4 P . Zn CCI TIS

CM 2

CRN 14280-30-9

CMF H O

CRN 14265-44-2 CMF 04 P

-o-P-o-

CM 4

CRN 7440-66-6 CMF Zn

Zn

CM 5

CRN 7440-50-8

CMF Cu

Cu

RN

CN

852930-04-2 HCA

Copper zinc hydroxide phosphate (Cu0-5Zn1-6(OH)6(PO4)2), monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 852930-03-1

CMF Cu . H O . O4 P . Zn

CCI TIS

CRN 14280-30-9

CMF H O

OH-

CM 3

CRN 14265-44-2

CMF 04 P

CM 4

CRN 7440-66-6 CMF Zn

Zn

CM 5

CRN 7440-50-8 CMF Cu

Cu

```
CN Aluminum copper zinc hydroxide phosphate (Al6(Cu, Zn) (OH)8(FO4)4), tetrahydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 852930-05-3

CMF Al . Cu . H O . O4 P . Zn

CCI TIS

CM 2

CRN 14280-30-9
```

он-

CMF H O

CM 4

CRN 7440-66-6 CMF Zn

Zn

CM 5

```
CRN 7440-50-8
          CMF Cu
Cu
         CM
             6
          CRN 7429-90-5
          CMF Al
Al
IC
    ICM C08K003-00
     ICS C08K003-04; C08G063-00
CC
     38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
ST
     IR absorber use thermoplastic; PET IR absorber; metal
     hydroxide phosphate IR absorber; copper hydroxide phosphate IR
     absorber
ΙT
    Polyamides, uses
    Polycarbonates, uses
     Polyesters, uses
    Polvoxvarylenes
     Polythioarylenes
    Polvurethanes, uses
        (IR absorbers for use in thermoplastics)
ΙT
    Optical materials
        (IR absorbers; IR absorbers for use in thermoplastics)
ΙT
     IR materials
        (absorbers; IR absorbers for use in thermoplastics)
ΙT
     Hydroxides (inorganic)
     Phosphates, uses
        (metal hydroxide phosphates; IR absorbers for use in
        thermoplastics)
ΙT
    Acetals
        (polyacetals, nonpolymeric; IR absorbers for use in
        thermoplastics)
    Vinyl compounds, uses
TΤ
        (polymers; IR absorbers for use in thermoplastics)
     Plastics, uses
```

(thermoplastics; IR absorbers for use in

thermoplastics)

- TT 12158-74-6P, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4)) (IR absorbers for use in thermoplastics)
- TT 79-10-7D, Acrylic acid, esters, polymers 9003-53-6 9003-56-9, ABS 25038-59-9, uses
- (IR absorbers for use in thermoplastics)
- 62683-60-7, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu5(OH)4(PO4)2) ΙT
 - 125761-45-7, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu3(OH)3(PO4)) 852929-90-9, Copper iron hydroxide phosphate
 - (CuFe2(OH)2(PO4)2) 852929-92-1 852929-94-3
 - 852929-96-5 852929-98-7 852930-00-8

 - 852930-02-0 852930-04-2 852930-06-4
 - (IR absorbers for use in thermoplastics)

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- (1) Anderson: US 3980611 A 1976 HCA
- (2) Breitenfellner: US 4456723 A 1984 HCA
- (3) Eastman Kodak Company; EP 0410907 A 1991 HCA
- (4) General Electric Company: EP 0414944 A 1991 HCA
- (5) General Electric Company; EP 0604074 A 1994 HCA
- (6) Kawai: US 4981897 A 1991 HCA
- (7) Pengilly; US 4408004 A 1983 HCA
- (8) Pengilly; US 4535118 A 1985 HCA
- (9) Seiler; US 4672086 A 1987 HCA
- (10) Talibuddin, S; US 20020111409 A1 2002
- L55 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- 134:325492 HCA Full-text AN
- Oxygen scavenging compositions with low migration TΙ
- Ebner, Cynthia Louise; Blinka, Thomas Andrew TN
- W. R. Grace & Co.-Conn., USA PA
- U.S., 24 pp., Division of U.S. Ser. No. 753,990. SO CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English

CA 2240113

FAN.	AN.CNT 1 PATENT NO.		DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡΙ	US 6228284	В1	20010508	US 1998-183239	199810 30
	CA 2240113	С	19970626	< CA 1996-2240113	199612 10
				<	

A1 19970626

WU 9722469 AI 19970626 WU 1996-US19430	WO 9722469	A1	19970626	WO 1996-US19430
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											<				1	99612
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PE	RW:	KE, GR,	LS,	MW,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	DE, BJ, 996-	CF,	CG,		FR,	GB,
LF	0900	000			AI		1999	0303		EF I		9429	11		1	99612 0
											<					
EF	8985 R:	AT, SE	BE,	CH,			2006 ES,		FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LI,	NL,	PT,
JF	2002		22		T		2002	0528		JP 1	997-	5228	53		1	99612 0
CN	1090	223			С		2002	0904		CN 1	< 996-		56			99612
ΑI	3197	168			Т		2006	0315		AT 1	< 996-		11			99612
ES	2259	183			Т3		2006	0916		ES 1	< 996-		11		1	
											<				1	99612
IN	1996	DE02	785		A		2006	0602		IN 1	996-		85		1	99612 2
ZA	9610	521			Α		1997	0624		ZA 1	< 996-		1		1	99612
ΤW	4864	127			В		2002	0511		TW 1	< 996-		5533			99612
HK	1017	638			A1		2003	0509		HK 1	< 999-		83			

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IN 2005DE01611 A 20070511 IN 2005-DE1611

200506 21

PRAI US 1995-573086 B2 19951215 <--US 1995-573335 B2 19951215 <--US 1995-573338 19951215 <--B2 US 1996-753990 A.3 19961203 <--WO 1996-US19430 W 19961210 <--IN 1996-DE2785 A 3 19961212 <--

AB An improved oxygen scavenging compn. and packaging container formed therefrom is disclosed. The container is suitable for storage of oxygen sensitive materials and has as part of its exposed interior surface a compn. composed of a polymeric matrix with a oxygen scavenger and a substantially water-insol. transition metal contg. compd. distributed therein.

IT 12158-74-6, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)PO4)

(oxygen scavenging compns. with low migration)

RN 12158-74-6 HCA

CN Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4)) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	- 1	Component
	1		- 1	Registry Number
	+		-==+==	
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	1	- 1	14265-44-2
Cu	1	2	1	7440-50-8

IT 9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

(oxygen scavenging compns. with low migration)

RN 9002-86-2 HCA

CN Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75-01-4 CMF C2 H3 C1

H2C==CH-C1

```
RN 9002-88-4 HCA
CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
```

CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

H2C==CH2

IC ICM C02F001-70 ICS B32B003-02 INCL 252188280

CC 17-4 (Food and Feed Chemistry)

71-48-7, Cobalt acetate 102-54-5, Ferrocene 147-14-8, Copper ΙT phthalocyanine 149-11-1 513-79-1, Cobalt carbonate (CoCo3) 527-09-3, Copper gluconate 555-36-2 557-05-1, Zinc stearate 660-60-6 1184-64-1, Copper carbonate 1307-96-6, Cobalt oxide (CoO), uses 1309-37-1, Iron oxide (Fe2O3), uses 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide (NiO), uses 1317-38-0, Copper oxide (CuO), uses 1317-39-1, Copper oxide (Cu2O), uses 2800-96-6, Tin(IV)acetate 2944-66-3, Ferric oxalate 2944-68-5, Ferric tartrate, uses 3251-23-8, Copper nitrate (Cu(NO3)2) 3271-87-2, Copper palmitate 3333-67-3, Nickel carbonate 7439-89-6D, Iron, water-insol. compds., uses 7439-96-5D, Manganese, water-insol. compds., uses 7440-02-0D, Nickel, water-insol. compds., uses 7440-20-2D, Scandium, water-insol. compds., uses 7440-31-5D, Tin, water-insol. compds., uses 7440-32-6D, Titanium, water-insol. compds., uses 7440-47-3D, Chromium, water-insol. compds., uses Cobalt, water-insol. compds., uses 7440-50-8D, Copper, water-insol. compds., uses 7440-62-2D, Vanadium, water-insol. compds., uses 7440-66-6D, Zinc, water-insol. compds., uses 7447-39-4, Copper chloride (CuCl2), uses 7786-81-4, Nickel sulfate 10026-22-9, Cobalt nitrate hexahydrate 10031-48-8, Cupric phosphate trihydrate 10124-43-3, Cobalt sulfate (CoSO4) 10402-15-0, Copper citrate 10450-55-2 11104-61-3, Cobalt oxide 12054-48-7, Nickel hydroxide (Ni(OH)2) 12158-74-6, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)PO4) 12259-21-1, Iron oxide (Fe2O3), hydrate 13395-16-9 13455-36-2, Cobalt phosphate (CO3(PO4)2) 13463-10-0, Ferric phosphate dihydrate 13479-54-4, Copper glycinate 13520-56-4. Ferric sulfate nonahydrate 13767-34-5. Copper molybdenum oxide (CuMoO4) 14024-18-1, Ferric acetylacetonate 14024-63-6 14167-18-1 14534-87-3, Ferric benzoate 15275-07-7, Iron EDTA 16009-86-2 20427-59-2, Copper

hydroxide (Cu(OH)2) 21006-12-2, Iron sulfite (FeSO3) trihydrate 21041-93-0, Cobalt hydroxide (Co(OH)2) 27004-40-6, Copper tartrate, uses 28356-46-9 36673-17-3 51395-10-9, Copper EDTA 53106-99-3 59561-20-5 63815-61-2 336841-56-6, Copper tin oxide (CuSnO4)

(oxygen scavenging compns. with low migration) ΙT 75-01-4D, Vinyl chloride, copolymers 78-79-5, Isoprene, biological 7429-90-5D, Aluminum, foil, plastic laminates, biological studies studies 7758-89-6, Copper chloride (CuCl) 9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 10294-49-2, Copper sulfite (Cu2SO3) monohydrate 12019-08-8, Copper titanium oxide (CuTiO3) 24937-78-8, Ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymer 105729-79-1, Styrene-isoprene block copolymer 106107-54-4, Styrene-butadiene block copolymer 106108-28-5, Styrene-ethylene-butylene block copolymer 336881-79-9, Darex CR 3692M 337308-53-9, Daraform 6491

(oxygen scavenging compns. with low migration)

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- (1) Anon: WO 9117044 A1 1991 HCA
- (2) Ebner: US 5977212 1999 HCA
- (3) Hofeldt; US 5075362 1991 HCA
- (4) Nakamura; US 4384972 1983 HCA
- (5) Zenner; US 5202052 1993 HCA
- (6) Zenner; US 5364555 1994 HCA
- L55 ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- 126:252333 HCA Full-text AN

OREF 126:48765a,48768a

- TΤ Using laser-inscribable labels for marking rubber parts, especially tires
- IN Koops, Arne: Ofer, Ulrich: Kuelper, Klaus: Kreft, Christian
- PA Beiersdorf A.-G., Germany
- SO Ger. Offen., 8 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT LA FAN.	Patent German CNT 1				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 19531332	A1	19970227	DE 1995-19531332	199508 25
	EP 760297	A2	19970305	< EP 1996-112586	199608

03

<--

<--

<--

EP 760297 A3 19970611 EP 760297 B1 19991201 R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, SE

ES 2140767 T3 20000301 ES 1996-112586

199608 03

JP 09068924 A 19970311 JP 1996-235765

199608 20

PRAI DE 1995-19531332 A 19950825 <--

AB Labels such as barcode labels comprise a carrier layer based on a vulcanizable light-colored rubber compn. contg. a additive that changes color in laser light (such as Cu(II) hydroxide phosphate or coated pearlescent pigment), which is vulcanizable along with the rubber part. The carrier layer is optionally covered with a protective layer transparent to visible and IR radiation, a pressure-sensitive adhesive layer for temporary bonding of the label to the rubber part before vulcanization, and a release sheet on the adhesive layer. All the sides of the carrier layer except the side to be irradiated with the laser may be coated with a barrier layer to prevent migration of plasticizers and similar materials out of the label.

IT 12158-74-6, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(FO4)) (laser-sensitive compd.; using laser-inscribable vulcanizable labels for marking rubber parts, esp. tires)

RN 12158-74-6 HCA

CN Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4)) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ţ	Ratio	- 1	Component
	 ==+==:			Registry Number
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	1	- 1	14265-44-2
Cu	- 1	2	- 1	7440-50-8

IT 9002-86-2, PVC

(plasticizer-migration-prevention layer; using laser-inscribable vulcanizable labels for marking rubber parts, esp. tires)

RN 9002-86-2 HCA

CN Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75-01-4

H2C = CH - C1

```
IC ICM G09F003-02
    ICS G09F003-04
ICA B60C001-00; C08J003-24; C08J007-00; B32B025-08; B32B027-36;
    B32B027-34; B32B027-32
ICI C08L009-06, C08L023-16, C08L023-22
CC
    39-13 (Synthetic Elastomers and Natural Rubber)
IT
    12158-74-6, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4))
       (laser-sensitive compd.; using laser-inscribable vulcanizable
       labels for marking rubber parts, esp. tires)
ΙT
    7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 9002-86-2, PVC
       (plasticizer-migration-prevention layer; using laser-inscribable
       vulcanizable labels for marking rubber parts, esp. tires)
RE
   CITED REFERENCES
(1) Anon; EP 0190997 A2 HCA
(2) Anon; DE 3917294 A1 HCA
(3) Anon; DE 4027192 C1 HCA
            THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2
OSC.G 2
             CITINGS)
L55 ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
AN
    126:132208 HCA Full-text
OREF 126:25541a,25544a
TI Coated pigments as fillers for laser-markable plastics
IN Schmidt, Christoph; Reynders, Peter; Schoen, Sabine
PA Merck Patent Gmbh, Germany
SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 6 pp.
   CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
   Patent
LA German
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                       A1 19961227 EP 1996-109256
PI EP 750012
                                                                199606
                                                                10
                                               <--
        R: DE, ES, FI, FR, GB, IT
                   A1 19970102 DE 1995-19522397
    DE 19522397
                                                                199506
```

					<	
BR	9602842	A	19980422	BR	1996-2842	
						199606 19
					<	
CA	2179698	A1	19961224	CA	1996-2179698	
						199606 21
					<	
JP	09012776	A	19970114	JP	1996-179860	
						199606 21
					<	
CN	1144230	A	19970305	CN	1996-108795	
						199606 21
					<	
US	5928780	A	19990727	US	1996-668146	
						199606
						21
					<	
TW	383323	В	20000301	TW	1996-85107482	
						199606
						21
					<	

PRAI DE 1995-19522397 А 19950623 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT Plastics which can be marked by lasers with high contrast are filled with non-glossy, layered silicate pigments, having rough surfaces, which are coated with oxides, Iron Blue, and/or basic Cu phosphate. Dry-milled mica (95% with av. diam. <24 µm) was coated with 50% Turnbull's Blue by pptn. in H2O. Polypropylene contg. 0.5% this mica gave injection moldings which could be marked by a CO2 laser (energy

d. .apprx.3 J/cm2) with high contrast. 9002-88-4 9003-07-0 ΙT

(coated pigments as fillers for laser-markable plastics) 9002-88-4 HCA RN

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

> CM 1

CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

```
RN 9003-07-0 HCA
CN 1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 115-07-1

CMF C3 H6
```

RN 12158-74-6 HCA

RN 12158-74-6 HCA

H3C-CH=CH2

 ${\tt CN} \quad {\tt Copper \ hydroxide \ phosphate \ (Cu2(OH)(PO4))} \quad \hbox{(CA INDEX NAME)}$

 	Ratio		Component Registry Number
==+==:		====+==	
- 1	1	1	14280-30-9
1	1		14265-44-2
- 1	2	1	7440-50-8
	 ==+=== 	Ratio	

IC ICM C08K009-02

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 9002-88-4 9003-07-0

(coated pigments as fillers for laser-markable plastics)

IT 1309-64-4, Antimony oxide (Sb203), uses 1310-39-0, Pseudobrookite
12158-74-6, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4))

13463-67-7, Titanium dioxide, uses 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide

65505-26-2, C.I. Pigment Green 16

(coating; coated pigments as fillers for laser-markable plastics)
OSC.G 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (6
CITINGS)

L55 ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 125:45171 HCA Full-text

OREF 125:8495a,8498a

TI Method for marking molded bodies using copper phosphate as additive

IN Welz, Martin; Prissok, Frank PA Elastogran Gmbh, Germany

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent LA German

FAN CNT 1

FAN.	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 706897	A1	19960417	EP 1995-115822	199510 07
	EP 706897 R: BE, DE, FR,			<	
	DE 4436897	A1	19960418	DE 1994-4436897	199410 15
	US 5630979	A	19970520	US 1995-542186	199510 12

PRAI DE 1994-4436897 A 19941015 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The title method involves a process for adding Cu phosphate additives
to a thermoplastic polyurethane elastomer or its \$45 * mixt. for
improving inscribe-ability and a process for UV laser-irradn. The
method provided molded bodies with high contrast, good contour shape
and good abrasion-resistance.

<--

CN Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4)) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
	1		1	Registry Number
	==+==		-=-+==	
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	1	1	14265-44-2
Cu		2	1	7440-50-8

RN 125761-45-7 HCA

CN Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu3(OH)3(PO4)) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	1	Component
			1	Registry Number
	+		+	

HO O4P Cu		i i	14280-3 14265-4 7440-5	14-2			
IC	ICM B41M001-30 ICS C08K003-32						
CC	74-6 (Radiation Chem Other Reprographic P		chemistry, an	nd Photographic and			
	Section cross-refere						
ST		ethane elast	omer copper p	phosphate			
	additive						
ΙT							
	(thermo-, method	-	molded bodies	s using copper			
	phosphate as addi						
ΙT							
	phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4)) 13463-67-7, Titanium dioxide, uses						
	18282-10-5, Tin oxid			pper hydroxide			
	phosphate (Cu3(OH)3(
				ing molded bodies)			
osc.	GG 6 THERE ARE 6	CAPLUS RECO	RDS THAT CITE	E THIS RECORD (6			

L55 ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 114:144815 HCA Full-text

CITINGS)

OREF 114:24579a,24582a

TI Polymers which can be marked with laser light

IN Schueler, Ralf; Herkt-Maetzky, Christian; Bartz, Wilfred

PA Huels A.-G., Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 4 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA FAN	German .CNT 1				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 3917294	A1	19901129	DE 1989-3917294	
					198905 27
				<	
	US 5053440	A	19911001	US 1990-504840	
					199004
					05
				<	
	EP 400305	A2	19901205	EP 1990-106763	
					199004
					09

	R: AI, BE,	CH, DE,	ES, FR, GB,	IT, LI, NL, SE	
ΑT	140189	T	19960715	AT 1990-106763	
					199004
					0.9
				<	
ES	2088917	Т3	19961001	ES 1990-106763	
	2000317	10	10001001	20 1990 100,00	199004
					09
					0.9
				<	
CA	2017545	A1	19901127	CA 1990-2017545	
					199005
					25
				<	
CA	2017545	С	20010918		
BR	9002465	A	19910813	BR 1990-2465	
					199005
					25
				<	20
ZD	162082	В1	19990115	KR 1990-7588	
VK	102002	PI	19990113	NR 1990-7566	100005
					199005
					25
				<	
JP	03024161	A	19910201	JP 1990-135536	
					199005

19910911

19960710

20010321

DE EC ED CD IT II

<--

<--

28

JP 2947878 B2 19990913 PRAI DE 1989-3917294 19890527 <--Д

A3

В1

R2

CH

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT AB The title polymers, which can be marked until a predetd. min. value of contrast is achieved, contain 0.2-5% additive having little or no color at 400-750 nm but giving markings with high contrast when exposed to laser light outside of the visible spectrum. Poly(butylene terephthalate) contq. 1 phr Cu2(PO4)2.Cu(OH)2 was exposed to 100 J/cm2 pulsed laser light (1064 nm, 20 W, pulse frequency 8 kHz) to give markings with contrast 7.6.

9002-88-4 9003-07-0 9003-53-6 ΙT

24968-12-5, 1,4-Butanediol-terephthalic acid copolymer, SRU (laser marking of, with high contrast, additives for) 9002-88-4 HCA

RN

EP 400305

EP 400305

EP 400305

D. AT DE

Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME) CN

> CM 1

H2C==CH2

CN 1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 115-07-1

CMF C3 H6

H3C-CH=CH2

CN Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 100-42-5

CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 24968-12-5 HCA

CN Poly(oxy-1,4-butanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
IT 12158-74-6, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4))
(plastics contg., for laser marking with high contrast)
RN 12158-74-6 HCA
```

CN Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4)) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	1	Component
	- 1		Re	gistry Number
	==+==		===+====	
HO	- 1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	1	1	14265-44-2
Cu	- 1	2	1	7440-50-8

IC ICM C08K011-00

ICS C08K003-32; C08K003-22; B44C001-02

ICA C08J007-00; B29C071-04

- CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
- IT 9002-88-4 9003-07-0 9003-53-6

24937-16-4, Nylon 12 24968-12-5,

1,4-Butanediol-terephthalic acid copolymer, SRU 25038-54-4, Poly[imino(1-oxo-1,6-hexanediyl)], uses and miscellaneous 25038-74-8 26062-94-2, 1,4-Butanediol-terephthalic acid copolymer 32131-17-2, Nylon 66, uses and miscellaneous

(laser marking of, with high contrast, additives for)

IT 1309-37-1, Iron oxide (Fe203), uses and miscellaneous 1313-27-5, Molybdenum trioxide, uses and miscellaneous 8007-18-9, Titanate yellow 12158-74-6, Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4)) 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide (TiO2), uses and miscellaneous

(plastics contq., for laser marking with high contrast)

RE CITED REFERENCES

- (1) Anon; EP 0190997 A2 HCA
- (2) Anon: US 4567220 A HCA
- OSC.G 11 THERE ARE 11 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (11 CITINGS)
- L55 ANSWER 7 OF 8 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN AN 103:39322 HCA Full-text

OREF 103:6369a,6372a

- TI Basic copper phosphate with a bright inherent color and a medium grain size < 10 \upmu
- IN Schueler, Ralf; Maahs, Guenther
- PA Chemische Werke Huels A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Ger. Offen., 8 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent LA German

FAN.CNT 1

1 1111	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 3342292	A1	19850530	DE 1983-3342292	198311 23
	EP 143933	A1	19850612	< EP 1984-111457	198409 26
				<	
	EP 143933				
	R: AT, BE, CH,				
	AT 25067	T	19870215	AT 1984-111457	198409 26
				<	
	US 4567220	A	19860128	US 1984-664838	198410 25
				<	
	JP 60131815	A	19850713	JP 1984-243569	198411 20
				<	
	BR 8405945	A	19850917	BR 1984-5945	198411 22
				<	

PRAI DE 1983-3342292 A 19831123 <--EP 1984-111457 A 19840926 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

ABB Bright-colored basic Cu phosphate (I) of the compn. Cu3(PO4)2.Cu(OH)2

with an av. grain size <10μ was obtained by treating an aq.

suspension of CuCO3.Cu(OH)2 or 2 CuCO3.Cu(OH)2 (bulk d. ×800 g/L)

with H3PO4 at <70°, heating the reaction mixt. to 90-100° for the

removal of residual CO2, sepn. of I from the aq. phase, and drying at

≤1 atm and 100-120°. The I is used as a smoke suppressant in

thermoplastics, esp. in poly(vinyl chloride). Thus, 84 g of I contg.

Cu 52.9, P 12.9, and H 0.36% consisting of .apprx.3 μ long and

.apprx.0.3 μ thick crystals was obtained by treating on aq.

suspension contg. 83 g CuCO3.Cu(OH)2 (bulk d. .apprx.500 g/L) in 500

mL H20 under stirring at 55° for 40 min, followed by 30 min boiling,

filtering, and drying at <1 atm and 100°. The pH of the reaction mixt. decreased during stirring from 8 to 4 and the color of the reaction product turned from light blue to light green and finely to almost white.

IT 12158-74-6P

(prepn. of, from basic copper carbonate and phosphoric acid)

RN 12158-74-6 HCA

CN Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4)) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	 R	Component egistry Number
	==+===		====+===	
HO		1	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	1	1	14265-44-2
Cu		2	1	7440-50-8
IT 9002-86		roceant for	hasia a	onner phosphate

(smoke suppressant for, basic copper phosphate as)

RN 9002-86-2 HCA

CN Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75-01-4 CMF C2 H3 C1

H2C-CH-C1

CC

IC ICM C01B025-37

ICS C01G003-00; C08K003-32; C08L027-06

49-5 (Industrial Inorganic Chemicals)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

ST copper phosphate smoke suppressant thermoplastic;

polyvinyl chloride smoke suppressant

TT 1.2158-74-6P

(prepn. of, from basic copper carbonate and phosphoric acid)

IT 9002-86-2

(smoke suppressant for, basic copper phosphate as)

OSC.G 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS)

L55 ANSWER 8 OF 8 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 98:127196 HCA Full-text

OREF 98:19397a,19400a

TΙ Copper composition-containing poly(vinyl chloride) mixture

Schueler, Ralf; Maahs, Guenther IN

Chemische Werke Huels A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger. PA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent. LA German

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡΙ	EP 63768		19821103	EP 1982-103246	198204 17
	EP 63768	В1	19840725	<	-,
	R: AT, BE, CH AT 8649			NL AT 1982-103246	198204 17
	JP 57182344	A	19821110	< JP 1982-64823	198204
	DE 3214960	A1	19821118	< DE 1982-3214960	20 198204
	BR 8202449	A	19830412	< BR 1982-2449	198204
	US 4390654	A	19830628	< US 1982-372762	28 198204
PRAI	DE 1981-3116969	A	19810429	<	28

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT The compd. Cu3(PO4)2.Cu(OH)2 (I) is added to PVC [9002-86-2]

Α

compns. to inhibit smoke formation during burning. Thus, a mixt. of PVC 100, I 5, chalk 12, pigment 6, and additives 6.3 parts produced 57% less smoke during burning than a mixt. contg. no I. The I-contg. mixt. had limiting O index 54% in burning tests. 9002-86-2

19820417 <--

TT

EP 1982-103246

(smoke inhibitors in burning of, copper hydroxide phosphate as)

RN 9002-86-2 HCA CN Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

011 1

CRN 75-01-4 CMF C2 H3 C1

H2C==CH-C1

IT 12158-74-6

(smoke inhibitors, for PVC during burning)

RN 12158-74-6 HCA

CN Copper hydroxide phosphate (Cu2(OH)(PO4)) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	1	Component	
	- 1		Re	egistry Number	
	==+==		+		
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9	
04P	1	1	1	14265-44-2	
Cu	1	2	1	7440-50-8	

IC C08L027-06; C08K003-32

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 9002-86-2

(smoke inhibitors in burning of, copper hydroxide phosphate as)

IT 12158-74-6

(smoke inhibitors, for PVC during burning)

OSC.G 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2

=> D L56 1-45 BIB ABS HITSTR HITIND

L56 ANSWER 1 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 147:243473 HCA Full-text

TI Dental filling material comprising thermoplastic polymer

IN Jia, Weitao: Karmaker, Ajit

PA Pentron Clinical Technologies, LLC, USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 914,057.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 5 PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE	
ΡI		20070184405	A1	20070809	115	2006-614233	
FI	0.5	20070104403	AI	20070003	05	2000 014233	200612 21
						<	
	US	20030113686	A1	20030619	US	2002-279609	200210 24
						<	
		7204874	B2	20070417			
	US	20030124483	A1	20030703	US	2002-304371	200211
							26
						<	
		7204875	B2	20070417	****	0000 465416	
	US	20050069836	A1	20050331	US	2003-465416	200306 18
						<	
		7211136	B2	20070501			
	US	20050066854	A1	20050331	US	2004-914057	200408 06
						<	
		7303817	B2	20071204			
PRAI		2001-336500P	P	20011024	<		
		2002-279609	A2	20021024	<		
		2002-304371	A2	20021126	<		
		2003-465416	A2	20030618	<		
	US	2004-914057	A2	20040806			

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB This invention relates to dental filling material comprising an inner core and outer layer of material disposed and surrounding the inner core, both the inner core and outer layer of material each contg. a thermoplastic polymer. The thermoplastic polymer may be biodegradable. A bioactive substance may also be included in the filling material. The thermoplastic polymer acts as a matrix for the bioactive substance. The compn. may include other polymeric resins, fillers, plasticizers and other additives typically used in dental materials. The filling material is used for the filling of root canals.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 9003-56-9,
Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene copolymer

(dental filling material comprising thermoplastic polymer)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
			т-	
HO	- 1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	3		14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

RN 9003-56-9 HCA

CN 2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene and ethenylbenzene (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2C = CH - C = N$

CM 2

CRN 106-99-0 CMF C4 H6

H2C == CH - CH == CH2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C \longrightarrow CH - Ph$

```
INCL 433081000: 428403000: 428323000: 525906000: 106035000
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
CC
ST
     thermoplastic polymer dental filling
IΤ
     Polvesters
        (arom.; dental filling material comprising thermoplastic
        polymer)
ΙT
     Hydrocarbons
        (chloro; dental filling material comprising thermoplastic
        polymer)
     Anti-inflammatory agents
ΙT
     Antibacterial agents
     Antibiotics
     Dves
     Pigments, nonbiological
     Plasticizers
        (dental filling material comprising thermoplastic
        polymer)
ΙT
    Acrylic polymers
     Apatite-group minerals
     Aromatic hydrocarbons
     Epoxides
     Polyamides
     Polyanhydrides
     Polycarbonates
     Polyesters
     Polvimides
     Polyolefins
     Polvoxvalkvlenes
     Polyphosphazenes
     Polysulfides
     Polysulfones
     Polythiophenylenes
     Polvurethanes
     Silicate glasses
        (dental filling material comprising thermoplastic
        polymer)
     Polycarbonates
IΤ
        (dimethacrylate derivs.; dental filling material comprising
        thermoplastic polymer)
ΙT
     Essential oils
        (eucalyptus; dental filling material comprising
        thermoplastic polymer)
     Dental materials and appliances
        (fillings; dental filling material comprising
        thermoplastic polymer)
     Polvesters
ΙT
```

```
(lactide; dental filling material comprising
   thermoplastic polymer)
Polvethers
   (ortho ester group-contg.; dental filling material comprising
   thermoplastic polymer)
Polyesters
   (oxalic acid or succinic acid-contq.; dental filling material
   comprising thermoplastic polymer)
Polyamides
   (poly(amino acids); dental filling material comprising
   thermoplastic polymer)
   (polvamide-; dental filling material comprising
   thermoplastic polymer)
Polvethers
   (polycarbonate-; dental filling material comprising
   thermoplastic polymer)
Polyamides
   (polyester-; dental filling material comprising
   thermoplastic polymer)
Polycarbonates
   (polyether-; dental filling material comprising
   thermoplastic polymer)
Ketals
   (polymer; dental filling material comprising
   thermoplastic polymer)
Acetals
   (polymers; dental filling material comprising
   thermoplastic polymer)
Plastics
   (thermoplastics; dental filling material comprising
   thermoplastic polymer)
Esters
   (vinyl contq.; dental filling material comprising
   thermoplastic polymer)
67-64-1, Acetone, biological studies 67-66-3, Chloroform,
biological studies
                    71-43-2, Benzene, biological studies
100-42-5, Styrene, biological studies 108-88-3, Toluene,
biological studies 109-16-0, Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate
109-99-9, Tetrahydrofuran, biological studies 138-86-3, Limonene
1304-28-5, Barium oxide, biological studies 1304-76-3, Bismuth
oxide, biological studies 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite
1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, biological studies 1314-23-4, Zirconium
oxide, biological studies 1314-37-0, Ytterbium oxide 1314-61-0,
Tantalum oxide 1330-20-7, Xylene, biological studies 1344-95-2,
Calcium silicate 1398-61-4, Chitin 5892-10-4, Bismuth
```

subcarbonate 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 7787-59-9, Bismuth

IΤ

ΙT

ΤТ

ΙT

ΙT

ΙT

IΤ

TΤ

TТ

TТ

ΙT

oxychloride 7787-61-3, Bismuth fluoride 9003-09-2, Poly(methylvinyl) ether 9003-54-7, Acrylonitrile-styrene copolymer 9003-56-9, Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene copolymer 9012-76-4, Chitosan 9033-83-4, Poly(phenylene) 13760-80-0, Ytterbium fluoride 13813-44-0, Ytterbium iodide 24937-72-2, Polymaleic anhydride 24980-41-4, Polycaprolactone 25248-42-4, Polycaprolactone 25322-68-3, Polyethylene oxide 25852-47-5, Polyethylene glycol dimethacrylate 26009-03-0, Polyglycolide 26023-30-3, Polyfoxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)] 26063-00-3, Polyhydroxybu-tyrate 26202-08-4, Polyglycolide 26680-10-4, Polylactide 26744-04-7 31621-87-1, Polydioxanone 58264-26-9, Hexane diol dimethacrylate 72869-86-4 78644-42-5, Poly(malic acid) 83120-66-5 189320-54-5

(dental filling material comprising thermoplastic polymer)

OSC.G 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (5 CITINGS)

L56 ANSWER 2 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 142:341996 HCA <u>Full-text</u>

TI Dental filling material containing a thermoplastic

IN Jia, Weitao; Trope, Martin; Alpert, Bruce

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 21 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 304,371.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 5

Ε	FAN.CNT 5				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
Ε	PI US 20050069836	A1	20050331	US 2003-465416	
					200306
					18
				<	
	US 7211136	B2	20070501		
	US 20030113686	A1	20030619	US 2002-279609	
					200210
					24
				<	
	US 7204874	B2	20070417		
	US 20030124483	A1	20030703	US 2002-304371	
					200211
					26
				<	
	US 7204875	B2	20070417		

	CA	2503	185			A1		2004	0506	C.	A	200	3-2	:503	185			200306
	WO	20040	372	14		A1		2004	0506	W	0		 3-U	IS19	277		2	200306
												<					-	. 9
			ΑT,		BG,					DK, SE,					FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,
	EP	15605	555			A1		2005	0810	E	P	200	3-7	392	00			200 3 06 L9
		R:			SI,	FΙ,	RO,	CY,	TR,	GB,	CZ	, I	Ε,	HU,	SK	NL,	SE,	MC,
	CN	16919	929			A		2005	1102	CI	N	200	3-8	243	81			200 3 06
	.TD	20065	50736	5.1		т		2006	0302	J:	D	-	 5-5	015	95			
	O.L	2000.	50750	J.				2000	0302	0.	_	200	<i>J</i>	,013	,,			200 3 06 L9
	US	20050	0668	854		A1		2005	0331	U	S		 4-9	140	57			200408
		7202				50		0007	1004			<						
		73038		405		B2 A1			1204 0809	U	S	200	6-6	142	33			200612
												<					2	21
	US	20080	00203	353		A1		2008	0124	U	S	200	7-8	575	28			200709
												<						L 9
PRAI	US	2001-	-3365	500P		P		2001	1024	<								
	US	2002-	-2796	509		A2		2002	1024	<								
	US	2002-	-3043	371		A2		2002	1126	<								
	US	2003-	-4654	416		A			0618	<								
	WO	2003-	-US19	9277		W		2003	0619	<								
	US	2004-	-914(057		Α2		2004	0806									
A C C T C	TATACE	ONTER LIT	CTOL	N DO	D ITC	D 3.5	PENT	70.777	TTADI	TO TAI	т	CITC	DI	CDI	74 V 17	ODMAT	,	

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A dental filling material comprising a thermoplastic polymer. The
thermoplastic polymer may be biodegradable. A bioactive substance may

also be included in the filling material. The thermoplastic polymer acts as a matrix for the bioactive substance. The compn. may include other polymeric resins, fillers, plasticizers and other additives typically used in dental materials. The filling material is used for the filing of root canals. A compn. contained polycaprolactone, Bioqlass, ZnO, and BiOCl.

II 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 9003-56-9, Abs

(dental filling material contg. a thermoplastic)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	I I	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+==		==+=	
HO		1		14280-30-9
04P		3		14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5		7440-70-2

RN 9003-56-9 HCA

CN 2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene and ethenylbenzene (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2C \longrightarrow CH - C \longrightarrow N$

CM 2

CRN 106-99-0 CMF C4 H6

H2C = CH - CH = CH2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5

```
T.C.
    ICM A61C005-02
INCL 433081000; 433220000; 106035000
    63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
CC
ST
    dental filling thermoplastic filler
    Borosilicate glasses
ΙT
        (barium borosilicate; dental filling material contg. a
        thermoplastic)
ΙT
    Bone
        (dental filling material contq. a thermoplastic)
ΤT
     Polyamides, biological studies
    Polyanhydrides
     Polycarbonates, biological studies
    Polyesters, biological studies
     Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
    Polyoxymethylenes, biological studies
     Polyphosphazenes
     Polyphosphoric acids
     Polythiophenylenes
    Polyurethanes, biological studies
        (dental filling material contg. a thermoplastic)
ΙT
    Dental materials and appliances
        (fillings; dental filling material contg. a thermoplastic
ΙT
    Natural rubber, biological studies
        (gutta-percha; dental filling material contg. a
        thermoplastic)
    Polyethers, biological studies
TΤ
        (ortho ester group-contg.; dental filling material contg. a
        thermoplastic)
     Borosilicate glasses
ΙT
        (strontium; dental filling material contg. a
        thermoplastic)
TT
     Plastics, biological studies
        (thermoplastics; dental filling material contg. a
        thermoplastic)
ΙT
     1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, biological studies 1314-23-4, Zirconia,
     biological studies 1332-29-2, Tin oxide 1344-28-1, Alumina,
     biological studies 7631-86-9, Silica, biological studies
     7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 7787-59-9, Bismuth oxychloride
     12627-14-4, Lithium silicate 12650-28-1, Barium silicate
```

12712-63-9, Strontium silicate 13463-67-7, Titania, biological studies 29223-92-5 31621-87-1, Polydioxanone 85099-10-1 (dental filling material contg. a thermoplastic)

ΤТ 109-16-0, Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 1398-61-4, Chitin 1565-94-2, Bis-gma 2466-09-3, Diphosphoric acid 7681-49-4, Sodium fluoride, biological studies 7758-87-4, Tricalcium phosphate 9003-09-2, Poly(methyl vinyl 9003-54-7, Acrylonitrile-styrene copolymer 9003-56-9, Abs 9012-76-4, Chitosan 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate 24937-72-2, Poly(maleic anhydride) 24980-41-4, Polycaprolactone 25248-42-4, Polycaprolactone 25322-68-3, Peg 25852-47-5, Polyethylene glycol dimethacrylate 26009-03-0, Polyglycolide 26023-30-3, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)] 26202-08-4, Polyglycolide 26680-10-4, Polylactide 52352-27-9, Poly(hydroxybutyric acid) 58264-26-9, Hexanediol dimethacrylate 72869-86-4, Udma 78644-42-5, Poly(malic acid) 102190-94-3,

(dental filling material contg. a thermoplastic)

OSC.G THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 367 THERE ARE 367 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L56 ANSWER 3 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

142:341992 HCA Full-text AN

Poly(hydroxyvaleric acid)

Dental filling material comprising an inner core and outer layer of TΙ thermoplastics

IN Jia, Weitao

PA

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 25 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. SO 465,416.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

	CNT 5				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	US 20050066854	A1	20050331	US 2004-914057	
					200408
					06
				<	
	US 7303817	B2	20071204		
	US 20030113686	A1	20030619	US 2002-279609	
					200210
					24

	7204874 20030124483	B2 20070417 A1 20030703	US 2002-304371	200211 26
	7204875 20050069836	B2 20070417 A1 20050331		200306 18
	7211136 2006022747	B2 20070501 A1 20060302	< WO 2004-US28653	200409
	CH, CN, GB, GD, KR, KZ, MX, MZ, SE, SG, VC, VN, RW: AT, BE, IE, IT, CG, CI,	CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, LU, MC, NL, PT, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW,	BZ, CA, ES, FI, KG, KP, MN, MW, SC, SD, US, UZ, GR, HU, BJ, CF, BW, GH,
EP	BY, KG, 1773234	KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM A1 20070418	EP 2004-783032	200409
CN		LI, LU, MC, NL, PL,	DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR CN 2004-80043765	200409
BR	2004018972	A 20071204	BR 2004-18972	02 200409 02
JP	2008509135	T 20080327	JP 2007-524779	200409
US	20070184405	A1 20070809	US 2006-614233	200612
MX	2007001344	A 20080311	< MX 2007-1344	200702 01

US 20080020353 A1 20080124 US 2007-857528

200709

19

PRAI US 2001-336500P 20011024 <--US 2002-279609 A2 20021024 <--US 2002-304371 A2 20021126 <--US 2003-465416 A2 20030618 <--US 2004-914057 20040806 A WO 2004-US28653 20040902

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A dental filling material comprising an inner core and outer layer of material disposed and surrounding the inner core, both the inner core and outer layer of material each contg. a thermoplastic polymer. The thermoplastic polymer may be biodegradable. A bioactive substance may also be included in the filling material. The thermoplastic polymer acts as a matrix for the bioactive substance. The compr. may include other polymeric resins, fillers, plasticizers and other additives typically used in dental materials. The filling material is used for the filing of root canals.

II 1306-06-5. Hydroxyapatite

(dental filling material comprising an inner core and outer layer
of thermoplastics)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	- 1	Component
	- 1		- 1	Registry Number
	=+=		===+=	
НО	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

IT 9003-56-9, Abs

(dental filling material comprising an inner core and outer layer
of thermoplastics)

RN 9003-56-9 HCA

CN 2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene and ethenylbenzene (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

H2C=CH-C=N

```
CM 2
    CRN 106-99-0
    CMF C4 H6
H2C --- CH -- CH --- CH2
    CM 3
    CRN 100-42-5
    CMF C8 H8
H_2C = CH - Ph
IC
    ICM C09K003-00
     TCS A61C005-08
INCL 106035000; 433220000; 433081000
CC
    63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
ST
    dental filling thermoplastic
ΙT
    Prosthetic materials and Prosthetics
        (bioactive glass; dental filling material comprising an inner
        core and outer layer of thermoplastics)
TТ
    Polyphosphoric acids
        (dental filling material comprising an inner core and outer layer
        of thermoplastics)
ΙT
    Polyanhydrides
    Polycarbonates, biological studies
     Polyesters, biological studies
     Polyolefins
     Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
     Polyoxymethylenes, biological studies
     Polysulfones, biological studies
     Polythiophenylenes
     Polyurethanes, biological studies
     Silicate glasses
        (dental filling material comprising an inner core and outer layer
```

```
of thermoplastics)
Dental materials and appliances
```

ΙT

(fillings; dental filling material comprising an inner core and outer layer of thermoplastics)

IT Natural rubber, biological studies

(gutta-percha; dental filling material comprising an inner core and outer layer of thermoplastics)

IT Plastics, biological studies

(thermoplastics; dental filling material comprising an inner core and outer layer of thermoplastics)

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, biological studies 2466-09-3, Diphosphoric acid 7681-49-4, Sodium fluoride, biological studies 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 7758-87-4, Tricalcium phosphate 7787-59-9, Bismuth oxychloride

10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate (dental filling material comprising an inner core and outer layer of thermoplastics)

IT 109-16-0, Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate 1314-23-4, Zirconia, biological studies 1398-61-4, Chitin 1565-94-2, Bis-gma

9003-09-2, Poly(methyl vinyl ether) 9003-54-7, Acrylonitrile-styrene copolymer 9003-56-9, Abs

9012-76-4, Chitosan 24937-72-2, Poly(maleic anhydride)

24980-41-4, Polycaprolactone 25248-42-4, Polycaprolactone 2522-68-3, Peg 25852-47-5, Polyethylene glycol dimethacrylate

26009-03-0, Polyglycolide 26023-30-3,

Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)] 26063-00-3,

Poly(hydroxybutyrate) 26202-08-4, Polyglycolide 26680-10-4,

Polylactide 26744-04-7 29223-92-5 31621-87-1, Polydioxanone 58264-26-9, Hexanediol dimethacrylate 72869-86-4, Udma

78644-42-5, Polymalic acid 85099-10-1 102190-94-3, Poly(hydroxyvaleric acid)

(dental filling material comprising an inner core and outer layer of thermoplastics)

OSC.G 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (6 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 375 THERE ARE 375 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L56 ANSWER 4 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 142:18673 HCA Full-text

TI Composite particles coated with inorganic substances for biologically active materials

IN Kanno, Gen; Susa, Kenzo

PA Trial Corp., Japan SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

200404

PRAI JP 2003-125112 A 20030430 <--

AB Spherical or nearly spherical org. polymer granules are coated with Ca-contg. silica or Ca phosphate. Thus, nylon 12 granules (20-30 µm) contg. 30% magnetite were immersed in a Ca-contg. silica sol, dried to form a porous layer, and used to adsorb enzymes, DNA, and proteins.

A 20041209 JP 2004-128314

<--

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

JP 2004346309

(composite particles coated with inorg. substances for biol. active materials)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component
	1		- 1	Registry Number
	+		+	
HO	1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	1	14265-44-2
Ca	1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

IT 9003-07-0, Polypropylene

(composite particles coated with inorg. substances for biol. active materials)

RN 9003-07-0 HCA

CN 1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 115-07-1 CMF C3 H6

H3C-CH=CH2

IC ICM C08J007-06

TCS C08L101-00

CC 5-2 (Agrochemical Bioregulators)

```
Section cross-reference(s): 37
ΙT
    Plastics, biological studies
        (thermoplastics; composite particles coated with inorg.
        substances for biol. active materials)
ΙT
    1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate
        (composite particles coated with inorg, substances for biol.
        active materials)
ΙT
     9003-07-0, Polypropylene 24937-16-4, Nylon 12
                                                     25038-74-8
        (composite particles coated with inorg, substances for biol.
        active materials)
L56
    ANSWER 5 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
    141:328136 HCA Full-text
AN
TΙ
    Cell culture substrate, and solidified preparation of cell adhesion
    protein or peptide
IN
    Mochitate, Katsumi
PA
    National Institute for Environmental Studies, Japan
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 91 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                                DATE
     _____
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                               _____
                                           ______
    WO 2004085606
                       A1 20041007 WO 2004-JP4077
PΙ
                                                                  200403
                                                                  24
                                                <--
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA,
            CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI,
            GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,
            KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
            MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD,
             SE. SG. SK. SL. SY. TJ. TM. TN. TR. TT. TZ. UA. UG. US. UZ.
            VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
            AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE,
            DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
            RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW,
            ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    EP 1616939
                        A1
                               20060118 EP 2004-723031
                                                                  200403
                                                                 2.4
                                                /--
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,
            PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU,
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A1 20061123 US 2005-551052

US 2005-551052

200509 23

PRAI JP 2003-81147 A 20030324 <--JP 2003-81148 A 20030324 <--

WO 2004-JP4077 W 20040324

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB It is intended to provide a cell culture substrate coated on its
surface with a hydrophobic-binding adsorptive polymer which is
efficiently adsorbed to a cell culture substrate such as a culture
dish and shows an excellent reproducibility in cell adhesion. Also
provided are a solidified prepn. of a cell adhesion protein or
peptide which efficiently binds to the cell culture substrate and
shows an excellent reproducibility in cell adhesion, and an
artificial tissue prepd. by inoculating cells on the solidified
prepn. of the cell adhesion peptide, and culturing them.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(cell culture substrate, and solidified prepn. of cell adhesion protein or peptide for artificial tissue)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
	1		1	Registry Number
	+		===+=	
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	1	14265-44-2
Ca	1	5	1	7440-70-2

IT 9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-53-6, Polystyrene

(resin; cell culture substrate, and solidified prepn. of cell adhesion protein or peptide for artificial tissue)

RN 9002-86-2 HCA

CN Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75-01-4 CMF C2 H3 C1

```
RN
    9002-88-4 HCA
CN
   Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM 1
    CRN 74-85-1
    CMF C2 H4
H_2C \longrightarrow CH_2
RN
    9003-07-0 HCA
CN
    1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM 1
    CRN 115-07-1
    CMF C3 H6
H3C-CH=CH2
RN
    9003-53-6 HCA
    Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM
        1
    CRN 100-42-5
    CMF C8 H8
H2C= CH-Ph
IC
    ICM C12M003-00
     ICS C12M001-22; C12N005-00; A61L027-38; A61L027-40
    9-11 (Biochemical Methods)
CC
ТТ
    Plastics, biological studies
        (thermoplastics; cell culture substrate, and solidified
        prepn. of cell adhesion protein or peptide for artificial tissue)
```

```
IT
    100-42-5D, Styrene, copolymer with maleic anhydride 107-25-5D,
    Methylvinylether, copolymer with maleic anhydride 108-31-6D,
    Maleic anhydride, copolymer with methylvinylether, copolymer with
     ethylvinylether, copolymer with butylether, copolymer with
     hexylvinylether, copolymer with styrene 109-92-2D,
     Ethylvinylether, copolymer with maleic anhydride 142-96-1D,
     Butylether, copolymer with maleic anhydride 157-07-3
     1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 1312-43-2, Indium oxide
    1398-61-4, Chitin 5363-64-4D, Hexylvinylether, copolymer with
    maleic anhydride 7440-06-4, Platinum, biological studies
     7440-32-6, Titanium, biological studies 7440-57-5, Gold,
     biological studies 7440-74-6, Indium, biological studies
     9004-34-6, Cellulose, biological studies 9012-36-6, Agarose
     9012-76-4, Chitosan 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide, biological studies
    24980-41-4, Polycaprolactone 26100-51-6, Polylactic acid
     26247-20-1, Polybutylene succinate 50926-11-9, Indium tin oxide
        (cell culture substrate, and solidified prepn. of cell adhesion
       protein or peptide for artificial tissue)
ΙT
    57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 108-78-1,
     1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine, biological studies 9002-86-2
     , Polyvinyl chloride 9002-88-4, Polyethylene
     9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-53-6, Polystyrene
     9016-80-2, Polymethylpentene
        (resin; cell culture substrate, and solidified prepn. of cell
        adhesion protein or peptide for artificial tissue)
      1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1
OSC.G
            CITINGS)
RE.CNT 14
            THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L56 ANSWER 6 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
AN
    141:230791 HCA Full-text
TI
    Method for making a prosthetic bearing element
IN
    Jones, Eric
PA Howmedica International S. De R.L., Ire.
SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 14 pp.
    CODEN: EPXXDW
    Patent
DT
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                      APPLICATION NO.
                                                                DATE
                    A1 20040908 EP 2004-251261
PT EP 1454602
```

EP 1454602 B1 20061115

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU,

US 20040188011

A1 20040930 US 2004-793116

<--

200403 0.4

<--

AT 345097 T 20061215 AT 2004-251261

200403 0.4

PRAI GB 2003-5021 20030305 <--A

A method of making a prosthetic bearing element comprises a backing AB made from a "rigid" polymeric bearing material which has a min. hardness value of 65 N/mm2 and which supports a bearing liner having a bearing surface and made from a "soft" elastomeric polyurethane material having a hardness value of 3.0-9.0 N/mm2. The opacity of the bearing liner is arranged to allow the passage of a laser beam through it and the opacity of the backing is arranged to prevent the passage of the laser beam which has passed through said bearing liner, bonding the backing to the bearing liner and then treating the bearing liner and backing with the laser beam to cause improved fusion by laser welding.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite 24968-12-5,

Polybutylene terephthalate

(method for making prosthetic bearing element)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Component	- !	Ratio	1	Component
	 ==+==		 ===+=:	Registry Number
HO	İ	1	i	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

24968-12-5 HCA RN

CN Poly(oxy-1, 4-butanediyloxycarbonyl-1, 4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

- IC ICM A61F002-30
 - ICS A61F002-34; B29C065-16
- CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
- Section cross-reference(s): 37
- IT Plastics, biological studies
- (thermoplastics; method for making prosthetic bearing element)
- IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite 1314-23-4, Zirconia, biological studies 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 24968-12-5,
- Polybutylene terephthalate 26062-94-2, Polybutylene terephthalate 659749-56-1, Bionate 75D
- (method for making prosthetic bearing element)
- OSC.G 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)
- RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L56 ANSWER 7 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 141:90181 HCA Full-text
- TI Thermoplastic resin compositions containing inorganic porous particles and their moldings with excellent coloration and transparency
- IN Takivama, Shigeo; Utsu, Shigeatsu
- PA Maruo Calcium Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkvo Koho, 13 pp.
 - CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese
- FAN CNT 1

11111	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 2004189868	A	20040708	JP 2002-359123	200212

20021

PRAI JP 2002-359123

20021211 <--

AB The compns. contain the particles satisfying that dx 0.01-30 and V = 2.5-30 [dx = av. particle size (μ m); V = apparent sp. vol. (μ L/g)]. Thus, a compn. contg. Techno ABS (ABS resin) 98.9, Ca phosphate (Ca/P at. ratio 1.67, surface-treated with 10% stearate soap) 0.1, and pigments 1.0% was molded into a test piece showing good color uniformity and no flow marks.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(thermoplastic resin compns. contg. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	=+=		=+=	
HO	- 1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P		3		14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	1	7440-70-2

IT 9003-56-9, ABS resin

(thermoplastic resin compns. contg. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency) $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left($

RN 9003-56-9 HCA

CN 2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene and ethenylbenzene (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 107-13-1

CMF C3 H3 N

 $H_2C \longrightarrow CH - C \longrightarrow N$

CM 2

CRN 106-99-0

CMF C4 H6

H2C==CH-CH==CH2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H2C \longrightarrow CH - Ph$

IC ICM C08L101-00

ICS C08J005-00; C08K003-00; C08K003-32; C08K003-34; C08K009-04; C08L025-04; C08L051-04; C08L069-00

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 37

ST thermoplastic resin molding inorg particle dispersibility; calcium phosphate particle size ABS transparency; hydroxyapatite stearate soap coating polycarbonate coloration

IT Surfactants

(Ca phosphate particle coated with; thermoplastic resin compns. contg, porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency)

IT Porous materials

(particulate; thermoplastic resin compns. contg. porous Ca phosphates and/or sliicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency)

IT Particles

TT

(porous; thermoplastic resin compns. contg. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency)

IT Transparent materials

(thermoplastic resin compns. contg. porous Ca
phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for
moldings with good coloration and transparency)

Polycarbonates, uses

(thermoplastic resin compns. contg. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency)

II Molded plastics, uses

(thermoplastic resin compns. contg. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency) IΤ Plastics, uses

> (thermoplastics; thermoplastic resin compns. contg. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled

particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency) 143-07-7, Lauric acid, uses 822-16-2, Sodium stearate IΤ (Ca phosphate particle coated with; thermoplastic resin compns. contq. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with

controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency)

25037-45-0 TΤ

(assumed monomers; thermoplastic resin compns. contq. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency)

471-34-1P, Calcium carbonate, preparation ΙT

(for Ca phosphate prepn.; thermoplastic resin compns. contg. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency)

ΙT 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, reactions

> (for Ca phosphate prepn.; thermoplastic resin compns. contg. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency)

ΙT 10101-39-0P, Florite 10103-46-5P, Calcium phosphate (thermoplastic resin compns. contg. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency)

ΙT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(thermoplastic resin compns. contq. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency)

100-42-5D, Styrene, polymers 9003-56-9, ABS resin ΙT

24936-68-3, Toughlon FN 2200, uses

(thermoplastic resin compns. contg. porous Ca phosphates and/or silicates with controlled particle size for moldings with good coloration and transparency)

L56 ANSWER 8 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

141:12365 HCA Full-text AN

Bone-repairing materials having apatite layer, and their manufacture ΤI

IN Yamamoto, Keiichi; Ogura, Yumiko; Kokubo, Tadashi; Nakamura,

Takashi; Kawashita, Shoichi; Minoda, Masahiko; Miki, Sadao; Beppu, Toshiyuki; Miyamoto, Takeaki; Noquchi, Nobuo; Ishikawa, Tomonori

Unitika Ltd., Japan; Kansai Technology Licensing Organization Co., PA

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1

PRAI JP 2002-277326 A 20020924 <-JP 2002-277327 A 20020924 <--

AB The materials have three-dimensional structures formed by thermal bonding of staple fibers (and optionally, long fibers) at least partially, and apatite is formed at least on the surfaces. The materials are manufd. by forming webs from staple fibers at least partially comprising thermoplastic polymers, intermingling the fibers, thermally bonding them, supporting Ca2+ on the surfaces of the resulting three-dimensional structures, and forming apatite on the surfaces. A web formed from polyester-based hollow staple fibers and polyethylene-based sheath-core staple fibers was compression-molded, treated with carboxymethyl chitin, immersed in an aq. soln. of Ca(OH)2 to support Ca2+ on the surface, and then immersed in simulated body fluid to give a bone-repairing material having an apatite layer on the surface.

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

(fiber, bicomponent, sheath-core; manuf. of bone-repairing materials having apatite layer on three-dimensional fiber structures)

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

H2C=CH2

IT 1306-06-5P, Apatite

(manuf. of bone-repairing materials having apatite layer on three-dimensional fiber structures)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component | Ratio | Component

	I		try Number										
HO 04P Ca	i i	1 14280-30-9 3 14265-44-2 5 7440-70-2											
IC CC IT	ICM A61L027-00 63-7 (Pharmaceutical Section cross-refere 9002-88-4, Polyethy	ence(s) lene											
IT	(fiber, bicomponent, sheath-core; manuf. of bone-repairing materials having apatite layer on three-dimensional fiber structures) 1306-06-5F, Apatite (manuf. of bone-repairing materials having apatite layer on three-dimensional fiber structures) ANSWER 9 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN												
L56 AN TI IN PA SO	N 140:380697 HCA <u>Full-text</u> Dental filling material comprising a thermoplastic polymer N Jia, Weitao; Trope, Martin; Alpert, Bruce Pentron Clinical Technologies, LLC, USA												
DT LA FAN.	Patent English CNI 5 PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE								
ΡI	WO 2004037214	A1	20040506	WO 2003-US19277	200306 19								
		MC, NL	, PT, RO, SE	, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, , SI, SK, TR	GR, HU, 200210 24								
	US 7204874 US 20030124483		20070417 20030703	< US 2002-304371	200211								
	US 7204875	В2	20070417	<									

US	2005	0069	836		A1	20050331 US 2003-465416											
																21	00306
																1:	3
												<					
US	7211	136			В2		2007	0501									
	2503				A1		2004			- Δ	20	03-	2503	185			
011	2505	100			111		2001	0300	`	J2 X	20	05 .	2000	100		21	00306
																1	
																1:	9
												<					
EΡ	1560	555			A1		2005	0810	I	ΞP	20	03-	7392	00			
																21	00306
																1:	9
												<					
	_											,					
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR	٠,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK

JP 2006507361 T 20060302 JP 2005-501595

200306

19

PRAI US 2002-279609 A 20021024 <-US 2002-304371 A 20021126 <-US 2003-465416 A 20030618 <-US 2001-336500P P 20011024 <-WO 2003-US19277 W 20030619 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A dental filling material comprises a thermoplastic polymer. The thermoplastic polymer may be biodegradable. A bioactive substance may also be included in the filling material. The thermoplastic polymer acts as a matrix for the bioactive substance. The compn. may include other polymeric resins, fillers, plasticizers and other additives typically used in dental materials. The filling material is used for the filling of root canals. An example material is called Resin Percha.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(dental filling material comprising a thermoplastic polymer)

1306-06-5 HCA

RN

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	Component						
	-1		- 1	Registry Number					
	=+==		===+=						
HO	- 1	1	- 1	14280-30-9					
04P		3	- 1	14265-44-2					
Ca	- 1	5	- 1	7440-70-2					

IT 9003-56-9, Abs

```
(dental filling material comprising a thermoplastic
        polymer)
     9003-56-9 HCA
RN
CN
     2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene and ethenylbenzene (CA
     INDEX NAME)
     CM 1
     CRN 107-13-1
     CMF C3 H3 N
H_2C \longrightarrow CH - C \longrightarrow N
     CM 2
     CRN 106-99-0
     CMF C4 H6
H2C == CH-CH== CH2
     CM 3
     CRN 100-42-5
     CMF C8 H8
H_2C \longrightarrow CH - Ph
    ICM A61K006-00
IC
     ICS A61K006-083; A61C005-02
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
CC
ST
     dental filling thermoplastic polymer
     Borosilicate glasses
TΤ
        (barium borosilicate; dental filling material comprising a
        thermoplastic polymer)
     Dental materials and appliances
ΙT
        (dental filling material comprising a thermoplastic
```

```
polvmer)
ΤТ
    Acrylic polymers, biological studies
    Apatite-group minerals
    Borosilicate glasses
    Borosilicates
    Epoxy resins, biological studies
    Polyamides, biological studies
    Polycarbonates, biological studies
    Polyesters, biological studies
    Polvimides, biological studies
    Polyolefins
    Polysulfones, biological studies
    Polyurethanes, biological studies
    Silicate glasses
        (dental filling material comprising a thermoplastic
       polymer)
ΤТ
    Natural rubber, biological studies
        (gutta-percha; dental filling material comprising a
       thermoplastic polymer)
ΙT
    Acetals
        (polymers; dental filling material comprising a
        thermoplastic polymer)
IΤ
    Dental materials and appliances
        (root-canal fillers; dental filling material comprising a
        thermoplastic polymer)
    Glass, biological studies
ΙT
        (strontium borosilicate; dental filling material comprising a
       thermoplastic polymer)
    Plastics, biological studies
TΤ
        (thermoplastics; dental filling material comprising a
       thermoplastic polymer)
TΤ
    1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide,
    biological studies 1314-23-4, Zirconia, biological studies
    1332-29-2, Tin oxide 1344-28-1, Alumina, biological studies
    1344-95-2, Calcium silicate 5892-10-4, Bismuth subcarbonate
    7631-86-9, Silica, biological studies
                                            7681-49-4, Sodium fluoride,
    biological studies 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 7758-87-4,
    Tricalcium phosphate 7787-59-9, Bismuth oxychloride
                                                            10103-46-5,
    Calcium phosphate 12627-14-4, Lithium silicate 12650-28-1,
    Barium silicate 12712-63-9, Strontium silicate 13463-67-7,
    Titania, biological studies
                                  14808-60-7, Quartz, biological studies
    685568-77-8, VT Resin Percha
        (dental filling material comprising a thermoplastic
       polymer)
    109-16-0, Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate 1398-61-4, Chitin
ΙT
    1565-94-2, Bis-gma 9003-09-2, Poly(methyl vinyl ether)
    9003-56-9, Abs 9012-76-4, Chitosan 24937-72-2,
```

Polymaleic anhydride 24980-41-4, Polycaprolactone 25248-42-4, Polycaprolactone 25852-47-5, Polyethylene glycol dimethacrylate 26009-03-0, Polyglycolide 26023-30-3, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)] 26202-08-4, Polyglycolide 26680-10-4, Polylactide 29223-92-5, 1,4-Dioxan-2-one, homopolymer 31621-87-1, Polydioxanone 52352-27-9, Poly(hydroxybutyric acid) 58264-26-9, Hexanediol dimethacrylate 72869-86-4, Udma 78644-42-5, Poly(malic acid) 102190-94-3, Poly(hydroxyvaleric acid) 189320-54-5, 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 7,7,9(or 7,9,9)-trimethyl-4,13-dioxo-3,14-dioxa-5,12-diazahexadecane-1,16-diyl ester, homopolymer (dental filling material comprising a thermoplastic polymer)

polymer)
OSC.G 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (4

CITINGS)

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L56 ANSWER 10 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 140:28386 HCA Full-text

TI Thermoplastic polymer compositions for medical applications

IN Krasnov, A. P.; Afonicheva, O. V.; Popova, A. B.; Kazakov, M. E.; Rashkovan, I. A.; Volozhin, A. I.; Popov, V. K.; Ul'yanov, S. A.

PA Institut Elementoorganicheskikh Soedinenii im. A. N. Nesmeyanova, Russia; 000 NPTs "Uvikom"

SO Russ., No pp. given CODEN: RUXXE7

DT Patent

LA Russian

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

Ν.	INT I				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	RU 2197509	C1	20030127	RU 2001-115591	

200106

PRAI RU 2001-115591 20010608 <--

AB A polymer compn. for medical applications comprises a thermoplastic polymer (85-45), a biocompatible filler (10-35), carbon fibers (5-35), and a modifier selected from poly(acrylic acid) (0.002-0.2) and polyvinylpyrrolidone (0.04-0.25 parts), the thermoplastic polymer being polypropylene or a polyamide, and a biocompatible filler being hydroxyapatite. The polymer compns. can be used for manufg. prosthetic implants, and the materials produced from the compns. are characterized by increased mech. strength (700-1,200 MPa), hardness

(up to 120 MPa), and low contact angle $(16-40^{\circ})$. Thus, a compn. was produced by extruding polyamide 12 (37.4), hydroxyapatite (10), carbon fibers (UKN) (2.5), poly(acrylic acid) (0.002), and polyvinylpyrrolidone (0.1 q).

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(thermoplastic polymer compns. for medical
applications)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	- 1	Component
	 +		l	Registry Number
НО	,	1	,	14280-30-9
no	1	Τ.	1	14200-30-9
04P		3		14265-44-2
Ca	-	5	I	7440-70-2

IT 9003-07-0, Polypropylene

(thermoplastic polymer compns. for medical applications)

RN 9003-07-0 HCA

CN 1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 115-07-1 CMF C3 H6

нзс-сн-сн2

IC ICM C08L077-06

ICS C08L023-12; C08K013-04; A61L027-46; A61L027-48

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 63

ST thermoplastic polymer compn medical prosthetic material

IT Carbon fibers, uses

(UKN-type; thermoplastic polymer compns. for medical applications)

IT Fillers

Prosthetic materials and Prosthetics

(thermoplastic polymer compns. for medical applications)

IT Polyamides, properties

(thermoplastic polymer compns. for medical

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applications)
ΙT
    Plastics, uses
       (thermoplastics; thermoplastic polymer
       compns. for medical applications)
    25038-74-8 25587-80-8, Polyamide 11
ΙT
       (assumed monomers; thermoplastic polymer compns. for
       medical applications)
ΙT
    1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 9003-01-4, Poly(acrylic acid)
    9003-39-8, Polyvinylpyrrolidone
       (thermoplastic polymer compns. for medical
       applications)
ΙT
    9003-07-0, Polypropylene 24937-16-4, Polyamide 12
    25035-04-5, Polv[imino(1-oxo-1,11-undecanedivl)]
       (thermoplastic polymer compns. for medical
       applications)
L56 ANSWER 11 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
AN
    139:293457 HCA Full-text
TI
    Laser markable thermoplastic powder coatings and their
    application to metallic substrates
    Waterkamp, Paul-Ludwig; Christoph, Wolfgang; Schiffer, Thomas;
IN
    Scholten, Heinz
PA Degussa A.-G., Germany
SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp.
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT Patent
T.A
    German
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
               KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                         DATE
PI EP 1350818 A1 20031008 EP 2003-2958
                                                              200302
                                                              11
                                              <--
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,
            PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU,
            SK
    DE 10217023 A1 20031016 DE 2002-10217023
                                                              200204
                                                              05
                                             <--
    CA 2424423
                A1 20031005 CA 2003-2424423
                                                              200304
                                                              0.3
                                             <--
    JP 2003327849 A 20031119 JP 2003-100490
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200304
                                                                0.3
    CN 1450138
                      A 20031022 CN 2003-110201
                                                                200304
                                                                0.4
                                               <--
    US 20030191223 A1 20031009 US 2003-407167
                                                                200304
                                                                0.7
                                               <--
PRAI DE 2002-10217023 A
                              20020405 <--
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
     Powd. coatings contq. laser-activatable compds. are disclosed. The
     laser-sensitive compds. may be 0.01-15% basic copper phosphate or
     MoO3 or TiO2 or a combination thereof and the binder polyethylene,
     PVC, polyester, or polyamide. In an example, steel was coated with a
     powd. nylon 12 coating contg. Budit 322, using a fluidized bed
     sintering process.
    9002-86-2, PVC 9002-88-4, Polvethylene
       (in laser-markable powder coatings for application to metal)
RN
    9002-86-2 HCA
CN
    Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM 1
    CRN 75-01-4
    CMF C2 H3 C1
H_2C = CH - C1
RN
    9002-88-4 HCA
```

IΤ

CN

CM 1 CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

H2C-CH2

Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 148791-53-1, Copper hydroxide phosphate

(laser-activatable compd.; in laser-markable powder coatings for application to metal)

RN 148791-53-1 HCA

CN Copper hydroxide phosphate (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+==	
HO	- 1	x	1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	x	- 1	14265-44-2
Cu		x	1	7440-50-8

IC ICM C09D005-03

ICS C09D007-12; B41M005-26

CC 42-5 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

IT 9002-86-2, PVC 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

24937-16-4, Nylon 12 25035-04-5, Nylon 11 25038-74-8 25587-80-8

(in laser-markable powder coatings for application to metal)
IT 1313-27-5, Molybdenum trioxide, uses 13463-67-7, RTC 30, uses
148791-53-1, Copper hydroxide phosphate 608521-93-3, Budit
322

(laser-activatable compd.; in laser-markable powder coatings for application to metal)

OSC.G 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L56 ANSWER 12 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 139:70005 HCA Full-text
- TI Antibacterial polymer compositions having good stability to light, heat, and salt
- IN Uchida, Masashi; Kurihara, Yasuo
- PA Shinanen Zeomic K. K., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	JP 2003183517	A	20030703	JP 2001-385636	

200112

JP 3918170

B2 20070523 20011219 <--

PRAI JP 2001-385636

AB The compns. comprise (A) metals contg. Ag, Cu, and/or Zn or their ions, (B) silicate salt supports contg. (a) inosilicates, on the control of the control

IT 9003-56-9, ABS polymer

(ABS 170, ABS 180; antibacterial polymer compns. having good stability to light, heat, and salt)

RN 9003-56-9 HCA

2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene and ethenylbenzene (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

H 2 C == CH - C == N

CM 2

CRN 106-99-0 CMF C4 H6

H2C==CH-CH==CH2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5

CMF C8 H8

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(HA 300BP; antibacterial polymer compns. having good stability to light, heat, and salt)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	I I	Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	
HO	- 1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5		7440-70-2

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

(LDPE, G 801, G 801; antibacterial polymer compns. having good stability to light, heat, and salt)

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

H2C==CH2

- IC ICM C08L101-00
 - ICS C08K003-24
- CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
 Section cross-reference(s): 5
- IT Plastics, uses

(thermoplastics; antibacterial polymer compns. having good stability to light, heat, and salt)

IT 9003-56-9, ABS polymer

(ABS 170, ABS 180; antibacterial polymer compns. having good stability to light, heat, and salt)

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(HA 300BP; antibacterial polymer compns. having good stability to light, heat, and salt) $\,$

IΤ 9002-88-4, Polyethylene (LDPE, G 801, G 801; antibacterial polymer compns. having good stability to light, heat, and salt)

L56 ANSWER 13 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 139:41890 HCA Full-text

TΙ Dental root canal filling materials

Jia, Weitao; Alpert, Bruce IN

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 13 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

Patent DT Englich

LА	Elig	TISH	
FAN.	CNT	5	

FAN.	CNT 5 PATENT N	0.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 20030	113686	A1	20030619	US 2002-279609	200210 24
					<	24
	US 72048	74	В2	20070417	`	
	US 20030	124483	A1	20030703	US 2002-304371	200211 26
					<	
	US 72048			20070417		
	US 20050	069836	A1	20050331	US 2003-465416	200306 18
					<	
	US 72111			20070501		
	CA 25031	85	A1	20040506	CA 2003-2503185	200306 19
	WO 20040	37214	A1	20040506	< WO 2003-US19277	200306 19
					<	

W: CA, CN, JP

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR EP 1560555 A1 20050810 EP 2003-739200

200306 19

			PT,	IE,	FΙ,	RO,	CY,	TR,	GB, BG,	CZ	, 1	EΕ,	HU,	SK	NL,	SE	,	MC,	
C	CN	1691	929		A		2005	1102	С	N	20	03-8	3243	81			20	0306	
																	19		
												<							
J	JP	2006	5073	61	T		2006	0302	J	Ρ	20	05-5	5015	95					
																	19	0306	,
												<					10		
U	JS	2005	0066	854	A1		2005	0331	U	S	20	04-9	9140	57					
																		0408	ś
												<					06		
ī.	IS	7303	817		B2		2007	1204											
			0184		A1				U	S	20	06-6	5142	33					
																		0612	
																	21		
Τ.	T C	2007	0148	616	7.1		2007	0620	U	c		<	5222	9.0					
	0.0	2007	0140	010	AI		2007	0020	U	J	20	0 /	1233	30			20	0701	
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Ü	JS	2007	0131	139	A1		2007	0614	U	S	20	07-6	5710	79			20	0702	,
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PRAI U	JS	2001	-336	500P	P		2001	1024	<			`							
Ü	JS	2002	-279	609	A2		2002	1024	<										
Ü	JS	2002	-304	371	A2		2002	1126	<										
Ü	JS	2003	-465	416	A		2003	0618	<										
W	VΟ	2003	-US1	9277	W		2003	0619	<										
Ü	JS	2004	-914	057	A2		2004	0806											

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB An endodontic filling material comprises a biodegradable thermoplastic polymer. A bioactive substance may also be included in the filling material. The thermoplastic polymer acts as a matrix for the bioactive substance. The compn. may include other polymeric resins, fillers, plasticizers and other additives typically used in dental materials. The filling material is used for the filling of root canals. A compn. comprising polycaprolactone 40, a bioactive glass having a compn. similar to Bioglass 30, Zno 20, and BaSO4 10%. The method of forming the compn. involved heating the

polycaprolactone at about 70° to a softened state. The remaining ingredients were then added and mixed under the action of kneading, pressing, or mixing to blend into the polycaprolactone completely to form a homogeneous dough. The compd. was then ready for application to the carrier device.

ΙT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 9003-56-9, ABS polymer

(dental root canal filling materials)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio		Component Registry Number
=========	==+==:		===+=:	
HO	1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P		3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

RN 9003-56-9 HCA

2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene and ethenylbenzene CN (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 107-13-1 CMF C3 H3 N

H2C-CH-C-N

CM 2

CRN 106-99-0 CMF C4 H6

H2C == CH-CH== CH2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5

CMF C8 H8

```
ICM A61C005-02
T.C.
INCL 433081000; 433224000; 523115000
CC
   63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
    Plastics, biological studies
IΤ
        (thermoplastics; dental root canal filling materials)
    79-10-7D, Acrylic acid, esters, polymers 79-41-4D, MethAcrylic
ΙT
     acid, esters, polymers 109-16-0, Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate
     1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide,
     biological studies 1314-23-4, Zirconia, biological studies
     1332-29-2, Tin oxide 1344-28-1, Alumina, biological studies
     1344-95-2, Calcium silicate 1398-61-4, Chitin 1565-94-2
     7440-44-0, Carbon, biological studies 7440-69-9D, Bismuth, compds.
    7631-86-9, Silica, biological studies 7681-49-4, Sodium fluoride,
    biological studies 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 7758-87-4,
    Tricalcium phosphate 7782-42-5, Graphite, biological studies
     7787-59-9, Bismuth oxychloride 9002-84-0 9003-09-2, Poly(methyl
    vinyl ether) 9003-54-7, Acrylonitrile-styrene copolymer
     9003-56-9, ABS polymer 9004-34-6, Cellulose, biological
            9012-76-4, Chitosan 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate
    12627-14-4, Lithium silicate 12650-28-1, Barium silicate
     12712-63-9, Strontium silicate 13463-67-7, Titania, biological
     studies 14808-60-7, Quartz, biological studies 24937-72-2,
    Polymaleic anhydride 24980-41-4 25248-42-4,
    Poly[oxy(1-oxo-1,6-hexanediyl)] 25322-68-3, Polyethylene oxide
     25721-76-0, Polyethylene glycol dimethacrylate 25852-47-5,
     Polyethylene glycol dimethacrylate 26009-03-0, Polyglycolide
     26023-30-3, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)] 26063-00-3,
    Poly(hydroxybutyrate) 26202-08-4, Polyglycolide 26680-10-4,
     Polylactide
                  26744-04-7 28654-11-7, Bisphenol A-glycidyl
    methacrylate copolymer 29223-92-5 31621-87-1, Polydioxanone
     36465-90-4, Diphosphonic acid 50647-33-1, Barium boron silicate
     (BaB2(SiO4)2) 58264-26-9, Hexane diol dimethacrylate 58875-13-1
     72869-86-4, Urethane dimethacrylate 78644-42-5, Poly(malic acid)
     78666-19-0, Poly(malic acid), SRU 83120-66-5,
    Poly(3-hydroxyvaleric acid) 85099-10-1
        (dental root canal filling materials)
OSC.G
       3
             THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3
             CITINGS)
```

L56 ANSWER 14 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN AN 138:326636 HCA Full-text

TΙ Biodegradable material components

IN Bratt, John Stephen; Cooper, John Joseph; Waters, Russell David

Biocomposites Limited, UK PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp. PA

SO.

DT LA	COI Pat Eng	I Int DEN: D tent glish			19]	op.											
FAN.	PAT	TENT I				KIN		DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D.	ATE
PI		70 2003033042				A1 :		20030424		,	WO 2002-GB4679					200210 15	
			CN, GE, LC, NO, TM, GH, BY, EE,	CO, GH, LK, NZ, TN, GM, KG, ES,	CR, GM, LR, OM, TR, KE, KZ,	CU, HR, LS, PH, TT, LS, MD, FR,	CZ, HU, LT, PL, TZ, MW, RU, GB,	AU, DE, ID, LU, PT, UA, MZ, TJ, GR, CM,	DK, IL, LV, RO, UG, SD, TM, IE,	DM, IN, MA, RU, US, SL, AT, IT,	DZ, IS, MD, SD, UZ, SZ, BE, LU,	EC, JP, MG, SE, VC, TZ, BG, MC,	EE, KE, MK, SG, VN, UG, CH, NL,	ES, KG, MN, SI, YU, ZM, CY, PT,	FI, KP, MW, SK, ZA, ZW, CZ, SE,	GB, KR, MX, SL, ZM, AM, DE, SK,	GD, KZ, MZ, TJ, ZW AZ, DK, TR,
	AU	2002	3341	72		A1		2003	0428		AU 2	002-	3341	72		2	00210 5
	EP	1436	019			A1		2004	0714		EP 2	-	8014	15		2	00210 5
	EP	1436 R:	AT,			DE,	DK,	2009 ES, FI,	FR,	GB,		IT,					
	JP	2005						2005							02,		00210
	CN	1604	797			A		2005	0406	1	CN 2		8251	34		2	00210 5
		1005		6		C T		2009 2009			AT 2		8014	15			

15 ES 2320111 T3 20090519 ES 2002-801415 200210 15 <--US 20040247644 A1 20041209 US 2004-492580 200404 14 <--PRAI GB 2001-24742 А 20011016 <--

20021015 <--

AB A biodegradable material for use in making items usable in surgery and related fields of medicine is disclosed. The material comprises a bioabsorbable thermoplastic polymer component and a bioactive filler material. In components made of the material particles of the filler material occur embedded within the surface of the components. Poly(L-lactide) (PLLA) of mol. wt. 200,000 Daltons and mean granule size of 4 mm was cryogenically milled to give polymer flakes. A lightly sintered polycryst. hydroxyapatite (HA) powder having a particle size of about 100-250 μ was dry blended with the PLLA flakes in the proportions PLLA-HA 3:1 by wt. and the mixt. was heated to 145° for 0.5 h. The hot mixt. was stirred together and fed to an injection molding machine. Molded components were produced which had HA particles embedded within their surface.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite 24968-12-5,

Polybutylene terephthalate

(biodegradable material components)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

WO 2002-GB4679

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

W

Component		Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
HO O4P	+ 	1 3	===+= 	14280-30-9 14265-44-2
Ca	i	5	i	7440-70-2

RN 24968-12-5 HCA

CN Poly(oxy-1,4-butanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

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ICM A61L031-12
IC
    ICS A61L027-44
```

63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

TΤ 471-34-1, Calcium carbonate, biological studies 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite 7758-87-4, Tricalcium phosphate 7778-18-9, Calcium sulfate 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate 24968-12-5 , Polybutylene terephthalate 24980-41-4, Polycaprolactone 25248-42-4, Polycaprolactone 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol 26009-03-0, Polyglycolic acid 26023-30-3, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)] 26062-94-2, Polybutylene terephthalate 26100-51-6, Polylactic acid 26124-68-5, 26811-96-1, Poly(L-lactic acid) Polyglycolic acid 26161-42-2 26917-25-9 29223-92-5 31621-87-1, Polydioxanone 33135-50-1, Poly(L-lactide) 52352-27-9, Poly(hydroxybutyric acid)

102190-94-3, Poly(hydroxyvaleric acid) 106989-11-1, D-Lactic acid homopolymer

(biodegradable material components) OSC.G THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L56 ANSWER 15 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 138:243374 HCA Full-text

- TΙ Ceramic precursors with good mechanical strength and manufacture of sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics using them
- IN Matsumoto, Tomoo
- PA Pentax Corporation, Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
 - CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent LA Japanese
- FAN.CNT 1

KIND PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE DATE

200109 12

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JP 4231217 B2 20090225 PRAI JP 2001-277026 20010912 <--

AB The precursors for porous Ca phosphate ceramics (porosity 75-95%) contain thermoplastic resins. Slurries contg. Ca phosphate ceramic powders, water-sol. polymers, nonionic surfactants, and thermoplastic resins are foamed by vigorously stirring, gelled, dried, heated at 200-300° to cause fusion of the thermoplastic resins, and then sintered to give the porous Ca phosphate ceramics (porosity 75-95%), useful as carriers for culture of cells or biol, tissues, prosthetic materials, etc. A slurry contq. spherical hydroxyapatite powder 120, an aq. soln. contg. 1 wt.% Me cellulose 320, Aromox (N,Ndimethyldodecylamine oxide) 10, and poly(Me methacrylate) 3 wt. parts was foamed, gelled by heating, dried, heated at 200° for 1 h, shaped, and sintered to give porous hydroxyapatite ceramics having porosity 85%.

1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite IΤ

> (ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contq. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=:	
HO	- 1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	3	1	14265-44-2
Ca		5	1	7440-70-2

ΙT 9011-14-7, Poly(methyl methacrylate)

> (ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

RN 9011-14-7 HCA

> 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 80-62-6

CMF C5 H8 O2

CC

IC ICM C04B038-10 ICS A61L027-00; C04B035-447

63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 9, 38, 57

ST porous ceramic calcium phosphate thermoplastic sintering; hydroxyapatite polymethyl methacrylate porous ceramic precursor; prosthetic sintered porous ceramic hydroxyapatite; tissue culture carrier porous calcium phosphate

IT Animal tissue culture

(carriers for; ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosohate ceramics)

IT Sintering

(ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

IT Prosthetic materials and Prosthetics

(ceramics; ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

IT Carriers

(for cell or tissue culture; ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

IT Surfactants

(nonionic; ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

IT Ceramics

ΙT

(porous; ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

Plastics, uses

(thermoplastics; ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

IT Gelation agents

(water-sol. polymers; ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

IΤ Polymers, uses

> (water-sol., gelling agents; ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

1643-20-5, N.N-Dimethyldodecylamine oxide ΙT

> (Aromox, surfactant; ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous

biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

ΙT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate (ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

ΙT 9011-14-7, Poly(methyl methacrylate)

(ceramic precursors with good mech. strength contg. thermoplastic resins for sintered porous biocompatible calcium phosphate ceramics)

ΤТ 9004-67-5, Methyl cellulose

(gelling agent; ceramic precursors with good mech. strength conta thermaniastic recipe for cintered norque

	-	astic resins for si	*							
	biocompatible ca	alcium phosphate ce	ramics)							
L56 AN TI IN	138:189145 HCA Fu Easy handling therm	moplastic film and		even J.;						
PA	Toray Plastics (Ame	erica). Inc USA								
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-	CODEN: EPXXDW									
DT	Patent									
LA	English									
FAN.	CNT 2									
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE						
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				200208						
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	1007000		<							
		A3 20030618								
		B1 20060628		OF 140						
			B, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,							
			IK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ,	EE, SK						
	05 Z0030068310	A1 20030410	US ZUUI-9314/3							

200108 16

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US 6706387 B2 20040316

US 20030044628 A1 20030306 US 2002-79770

200202

US 6709740 B2 20040323

PRAI US 2001-931473 A 20010816 <-US 2002-79770 A 20020221 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
AB Ultra low haze, coextruded, thermoplastic polymer film was prepd. by
coextrusion of a blend of polyethylene terephthalate with org. and
inorg. fillers in >1 skin layer on a virtually particle-free
polyethylene terephthalate core layer; the inorg. fillers are Al
oxide particles and/or Si oxide of av. particle size .apprx.0.035-0.3

µm, and particles of the org. filler have a particle size
.ltorsim.0.8 µm (present in an amt. .ltorsim.0.04%), the skin layer

being .ltorsim.3 µm in thickness. IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(filler; low friction and ultra low haze coextruded polyester film for optical applications)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
	- 1		R	egistry Number
	==+==		+	
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	1	14265-44-2
Ca	1	5	1	7440-70-2

IT 25038-59-9, Polyethylene terephthalate, uses

(skin layer contg. filler; low friction and ultra low haze coextruded polyester film for optical applications)

RN 25038-59-9 HCA

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

TC ICM B32B027-36 ICS B32B027-18

38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses) CC

IΤ 471-34-1, Calcium carbonate, uses 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 1314-23-4, Zirconium oxide, uses 1332-29-2, Tin oxide 1335-30-4, Aluminum silicate 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate 13463-67-7, Titanium dioxide, uses (filler; low friction and ultra low haze coextruded polyester film for optical applications)

ΙT 25038-59-9, Polyethylene terephthalate, uses

(skin layer contg. filler; low friction and ultra low haze coextruded polyester film for optical applications)

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 4 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L56 ANSWER 17 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 138:349 HCA Full-text

TΙ Compositions, implants, methods, and kits for closure of lumen openings, repair of ruptured tissue, and for bulking of tissue IN Wironen, John F.; Donda, Russell S.

PA USA

SO

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 865,318.

CODEN: USXXCO

Patent DT LA English

FAN.	.CNT 4				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 20020176893	A1	20021128	US 2001-16602	200110
	US 20020107429	A1	20020808	< US 2001-776404	200102
				<	
	US 6685626	B2	20040203		
	US 20020106411	A1	20020808	US 2001-865318	200105 25
				<	
	WO 2002062404	A2	20020815	WO 2002-US3107	200201
					2.1

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WO 2002062404
                         A3
                               20030626
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            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE,
            GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
            LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO,
            NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,
             TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
            BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI,
            FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
             CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                              20020819 AU 2002-240228
    AU 2002240228
                         A1
                                                                   200201
                                                                   31
                                                 <--
PRAI US 2001-776404
                         A2
                                20010202 <--
    US 2001-865318
                         A2
                                20010525 <--
     US 2001-16602
                         Α
                                20011022 <--
     WO 2002-US3107
                         W
                                20020131 <--
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
     Disclosed and claimed are compns., devices, methods and kits that are
     useful in occluding lumens or bulking-up regions of tissues or organs
     in a living mammal. The invention pertains to compns., contq.
     specific bioactive components in combination with carriers, and
     tissue based implants, wherein the bioactive components promote
     responsive body processes that contribute to the formation of the
     occlusion or bulked-up region or repair of damaged tissue. Also
     disclosed is an expandable collagen sponge for implantation into
     lumens, voids, and cavities.
     9011-14-7, Arteplast
        (Artecoll, carrier; compns., implants, methods, and kits for
       closure of lumen openings, repair of ruptured tissue, and for
       bulking of tissue)
     9011-14-7 HCA
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, homopolymer (CA INDEX
     NAME)
    CM
          1
    CRN 80-62-6
    CMF C5 H8 O2
```

AB

ΙT

RN CN IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(fine particles of; compns., implants, methods, and kits for closure of lumen openings, repair of ruptured tissue, and for bulking of tissue)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	- 1	Component Registry Number
	+		-==+=	
HO	- 1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

IC ICM A61K009-14

INCL 424489000

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

IT Body temperature

(thermoplastic gelatin not flowable at; compns., implants, methods, and kits for closure of lumen openings, repair of ruptured tissue, and for bulking of tissue)

IT Gelatins, biological studies

(thermoplastic, carrier; compns., implants, methods, and kits for closure of lumen openings, repair of ruptured tissue, and for bulking of tissue)

IT 9011-14-7, Arteplast

(Artecoll, carrier; compns., implants, methods, and kits for closure of lumen openings, repair of ruptured tissue, and for bulking of tissue)

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(fine particles of; compns., implants, methods, and kits for closure of lumen openings, repair of ruptured tissue, and for bulking of tissue)

OSC.G 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)

L56 ANSWER 18 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 137:234439 HCA Full-text

TI Purification materials and method of filtering using the same

IN Hughes, Kenneth D.

PA Watervisions International, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent LA English

	FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO.						KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.				D.	ATE			
PI	WO 2002070104		A1 20020912				WO 2002-US4786					200202 18					
		W: RW:	CN, GE, LC, NO, TM,	CO, GH, LK, NZ, TN,	CR, GM, LR, OM, TR,	CU, HR, LS, PH, TT,	CZ, HU, LT, PL, TZ,	AU, DE, ID, LU, PT, UA, MZ,	DK, IL, LV, RO, UG,	DM, IN, MA, RU, US,	DZ, IS, MD, SD, UZ,	EC, JP, MG, SE, VN,	EE, KE, MK, SG, YU,	ES, KG, MN, SI, ZA,	FI, KP, MW, SK, ZM,	GB, KR, MX, SL, ZW	GD, KZ, MZ, TJ,
			SE, SN,	TR, TD,	BF, TG	ВJ,	CF,	FI, CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,			
	AU	2002:	2570	02		Al		2002	0919		AU 2	<	2570	02		2	00202
	EP	1379	319			A1		2004	0114		EP 2		7265	79		2	00202
	US	R: 2005	PT,	IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	ES, FI, 2005	RO,	MK,		AL,	TR		NL,	SE,	MC,
												<				2	00402 9

PRAI US 2001-272950P P 20010302 <---WO 2002-US4786 W 20020218 <---

AB The invention relates to a purifn. material comprising filtration particulate matter aggregated with a first binder and further processed with a second binder to generate a porous fluid filtration material or a non-porous coating, a filtering device comprising a housing and the purifn. material, and a method of filtering and/or purifying a fluid including water or other solns. contg. chem. and microbiol. contaminants, such as fluids contg. heavy metals, pesticides, by products of oxidn. chems. and including cysts, bacteria and/or viruses, where the fluid is passed through to contact a surface of the purifn. material.

IT 9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride 9002-88-4,

```
Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-53-6,
     Polystyrene 53801-70-0, Calcium hydroxide phosphate
        (purifn. materials comprising particulates and binder with a
       second binder to generate a porous fluid filtration material)
RN
    9002-86-2 HCA
CN
    Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM 1
    CRN 75-01-4
    CMF C2 H3 C1
H_2C = CH - C1
RN
    9002-88-4 HCA
CN
    Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
         1
    CM
    CRN 74-85-1
    CMF C2 H4
H2C=CH2
    9003-07-0 HCA
RN
CN
    1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
    CRN 115-07-1
    CMF C3 H6
H3C-CH-CH2
    9003-53-6 HCA
RN
CN
    Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM 1
```

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

H2C = CH - Ph

RN 53801-70-0 HCA CN Calcium hydroxide phosphate (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component
	1		R	egistry Number
	==+==:		+	
HO	- 1	x	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	X		14265-44-2
Ca	1	х	- 1	7440-70-2

- IC ICM B01D039-00
- CC 47-2 (Apparatus and Plant Equipment)
 Section cross-reference(s): 9, 59, 60, 61
- IT Plastics, uses

(thermoplastics; purifn. materials comprising particulates and binder with a second binder to generate a porous fluid filtration material)

ΙT 79-41-4D, Methacrylic acid, polymers 100-42-5, Styrene, uses 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses 1305-78-8, Calcium oxide, uses 1309-42-8, Magnesium hydroxide 1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide, uses 1327-41-9, Polyaluminum chloride 1332-37-2, Iron oxide, uses 1335-30-4, Aluminum silicate 1343-88-0, Magnesium silicate 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide, uses 1344-95-2, Calcium silicate 1398-61-4, Chitin 3085-30-1, Aluminum butoxide 4325-85-3, Tristrimethylsiloxyboron 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses 7440-70-2, Calcium, uses 9000-07-1, Carrageenan 9000-69-5, Pectins 9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9002-89-5 9002-98-6 9003-01-4, Polyacrylic acid 9003-05-8 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-20-7, Polyvinylacetate 9003-47-8, Polyvinylpyridine 9003-53-6, Polystyrene 9004-32-4, Carboxymethyl cellulose 9004-34-6, Cellulose, uses 9004-34-6D, Cellulose, polymers 9005-32-7, Alginic acid 10043-83-1, Magnesium phosphate 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate 10497-05-9, Tristrimethylsilyl phosphate 11113-66-9. Iron hydroxide 11138-66-2. Xanthan 12173-10-3, Clinoptilolite 13597-73-4D, Disiloxane, derivs 14782-75-3 21645-51-2, Aluminum hydroxide, uses 22464-99-9,

Zirconium 2-ethylhexanoate 25014-41-9, Polyacrylonitrile

```
25322-68-3 26023-30-3, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)]
    26062-79-3 26100-51-6, Polylactic acid 30581-59-0D,
    Vinylpyrrolidone dimethylaminoethylmethacrylate copolymer,
    quaternized 53801-70-0, Calcium hydroxide phosphate
    53867-17-7 55892-56-3, Polyaluminum sulfate 67893-01-0
    95144-24-4 457074-95-2
       (purifn. materials comprising particulates and binder with a
       second binder to generate a porous fluid filtration material)
             THERE ARE 9 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (9
OSC.G
             CITINGS)
             THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 4
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L56 ANSWER 19 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
    136:248412 HCA Full-text
TT
    Preparation of orthopedic mixture containing calcium in polymer
    matrix by supercritical fluid processing techniques
    Mandel, Frederick S.; Wang, J. Don; Howdle, Steven M.; Popov,
    Vladimir K.
    Ferro Corporation, USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
    Patent
    English
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                                                              DATE
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    WO 2002021222 A1 20020314 WO 2001-US26448
                                                                200108
                                                                24
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            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
            GM. HR. HU. ID. IL. IN. IS. JP. KE. KG. KP. KR. KZ. LC. LK.
            LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ,
            PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ,
            UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
        RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,
            NL, PT, SE, TR
    US 6579532
                        B1 20030617 US 2000-658252
                                                                200009
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    AU 2001086712
                      A 20020322 AU 2001-86712
                                                                200108
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PRAI US 2000-658252 A 20000908 <--WO 2001-US26448 W 20010824 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The orthopedic mixts., useful for bone replacement implants or bone fillers, are prepd. by mixing starting materials contg. a source of calcium ions and a polymer matrix for the calcium ions, with a process medium such as carbon dioxide (supercrit. state) in a reactor to form a supercrit. fluid slurry; and sepg. and removing the process medium. The resultant product is a strong, porous structure that simulates autogenic bone. Thus, 360 g tribasic calcium phosphate and 90 g PMMA (PD 7610) were charged into a reactor filled with 5.0 lb liq. CO2 at 38° and 1500 psi for 1 h and then at 75° and 2900 psi for 10 min, and sepd. by releasing CO2 to give a finely divided product contg. 80% calcium phosphate.

IT 9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride 9002-88-4,

Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene

(prepn. of orthopedic mixt. contg. calcium in polymer matrix by supercrit. fluid processing technique for bone-replacement implant or bone filler)

RN 9002-86-2 HCA

CN Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75-01-4 CMF C2 H3 C1

 $H_2C = CH - C1$

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

 $H_2C \longrightarrow CH_2$

RN 9003-07-0 HCA

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CN 1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
```

CRN 115-07-1 CMF C3 H6

H3C-CH=CH2

II 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(prepn. of orthopedic mixt. contg. calcium in polymer matrix by supercrit. fluid processing technique for bone-replacement implant or bone filler)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=:	
HO	1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

- TC TCM G05B013-00
 - ICS C08F002-48; A61F002-28; A61F002-02; A61J002-32
- CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 63
- IT Plastics, uses
 - (thermoplastics; prepn. of orthopedic mixt. contg. calcium in polymer matrix by supercrit. fluid processing technique for bone-replacement implant or bone filler)
- ΙT 79-10-7D, Acrylic acid, esters, polymers 9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9002-89-5, Polyvinyl alcohol 9003-01-4, Poly(acrylic acid) 9003-05-8, Polyacrylamide 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-97-8, 9016-00-6, Polydimethylsiloxane 24937-78-8, Polycarbophil Polyethylenevinyl acetate 24980-41-4, Poly(&-caprolactone) 25189-55-3, Poly-N-isopropylacrylamide 25248-42-4, Poly[oxy(1-oxo-1,6-hexanediy1)] 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol 26009-03-0, Poly(glycolic acid) 26023-30-3, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)] 26063-00-3, Poly(3-hydroxybutyrate) 26100-51-6, Polylactic acid 26124-68-5, Poly(glycolic acid) 26780-50-7, Glycolide-lactide copolymer 37353-59-6, Hydroxymethyl cellulose 55567-80-1, PD 7610

(prepn. of orthopedic mixt. contg. calcium in polymer matrix by supercrit. fluid processing technique for bone-replacement implant or bone filler)

ΙT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

> (prepn. of orthopedic mixt. contq. calcium in polymer matrix by supercrit. fluid processing technique for bone-replacement implant or bone filler)

OSC.G THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)

RE.CNT THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L56 ANSWER 20 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

136:236894 HCA Full-text AN

- Manufacture of orthopedic implants based on calcium in polymer TΙ matrix using supercritical fluid processing
- IN Mandel, Frederick S.; Wang, J. Don
- PA Ferro Corporation, USA SO
- PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent.

LA English

EAN CMT 1

LAN.	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002019947	A1	20020314	WO 2001-US26304	200108 23
				<	

AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM. HR. HU. ID. IL. IN, IS. JP. KE, KG, KP. KR. KZ, LC. LK. LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL. PT. RO. RU. SD. SE, SG. SI. SK. SL. TJ. TM. TR. TT. TZ. UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR

US 6506213 В1 20030114 US 2000-658250

200009 08 <--

AU 2001086653 20020322 AU 2001-86653 A

23

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WO 2001-US26304 W 20010823 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT Orthopedic parts are manufd, using supercrit, fluid processing techniques in which starting materials and a process medium are mixed in a reactor to form a supercrit. fluid slurry. The starting materials include a source of calcium ions and a polymer matrix for the calcium ions. The process medium preferably is carbon dioxide which is supplied to the reactor in a supercrit. state or which is heated and pressurized in the reactor to attain a supercrit. state. A conduit connects the reactor to a mold that has a cavity of a desired shape for an orthopedic part. A flush valve interconnects the bottom of a reactor and the conduit. When the flush valve is opened, the slurry is directed through the conduit into the mold where solidification occurs very rapidity. The resultant product is a strong, porous structure that simulates autogenic bone. For example, 280 g of a 50:50 mixt. of calcium sulfate and poly(ϵ -caprolactone) was charged into a one-gal reactor. Reactor was filled with 2.49 k of liq. CO2 and heated to 38° at a pressure of .apprx.116 bar rendering the CO2 supercrit. fluid. After completion of mixing, the starting materials were formed into a supercrit. fluid slurry. The valve was opened and the slurry was directed through a conduit into a mold, the mold was filled instantly producing a solid rod with a very dense surface and a somewhat porous core.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 12167-74-7, Calcium hydroxide phosphate (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3)

(manuf. of orthopedic implants based on calcium in polymer matrix using supercrit. fluid processing)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	+		==+=	
HO	- 1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P		3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

RN 12167-74-7 HCA

CN Calcium hydroxide phosphate (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio		Component Registry Number
НО		1	+- 	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	1	7440-70-2

```
ΙT
    9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride 9002-88-4,
     Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene
        (matrix for calcium ions; manuf. of orthopedic implants based on
        calcium in polymer matrix using supercrit. fluid processing)
RN
     9002-86-2 HCA
CN
    Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM 1
    CRN 75-01-4
    CMF C2 H3 C1
H_2C = CH - C1
RN
    9002-88-4 HCA
CN
    Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
         1
    CM
    CRN 74-85-1
    CMF C2 H4
H2C=CH2
    9003-07-0 HCA
RN
CN
    1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
    CRN 115-07-1
    CMF C3 H6
H3C-CH-CH2
    ICM A61F002-02
    ICS B29C044-02
CC
    63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
    Section cross-reference(s): 37, 78
```

```
12167-74-7, Calcium hydroxide phosphate (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3)
    13397-24-5, Gypsum, biological studies 26499-65-0, Gypsum
    hemihydrate
       (manuf. of orthopedic implants based on calcium in polymer matrix
       using supercrit. fluid processing)
ΙT
    79-10-7D, Acrylic acid, esters, polymers 9002-86-2,
    Polyvinyl chloride 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9002-89-5,
    Polyvinyl alcohol 9003-01-4, Polyacrylic acid 9003-05-8,
    Polyacrylamide 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-97-8,
    Polycarbophil 9016-00-6, Polydimethylsiloxane 24937-78-8,
    Ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymer 24980-41-4,
    Poly(ε-caprolactone) 25189-55-3, Poly(N-isopropyl
    acrylamide) 25248-42-4, Poly[oxy(1-oxo-1,6-hexanediyl)]
    25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol 26009-03-0, Poly(glycolic acid)
    26023-30-3, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)] 26063-00-3,
    Poly(3-hydroxybutyric acid) 26100-51-6, Poly(lactic acid)
    26124-68-5, Poly(glycolic acid) 26744-04-7 26780-50-7,
    Glycolide-lactide copolymer 31900-57-9, Polydimethylsiloxane
    37353-59-6, Hydroxymethyl cellulose
       (matrix for calcium ions; manuf. of orthopedic implants based on
       calcium in polymer matrix using supercrit. fluid processing)
OSC.G
      2
             THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2
```

(thermoplastics, matrix for calcium ions; manuf. of orthopedic implants based on calcium in polymer matrix using

Hydroxyapatite 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies 7778-18-9, Calcium sulfate 7785-82-2, EDTA calcium salt 10103-46-5, Dynafos

62-54-4D, Calcium acetate, complexes 1306-06-5,

a medical device

L56 ANSWER 21 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- IN Chudzik, Stephen J.; Everson, Terrence P.; Amos, Richard A.
- PA Surmodics, Inc., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

CITINGS)

136:205474 HCA Full-text

DT Patent

RE.CNT 5

- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

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TI

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ΙT

Plastics, biological studies

supercrit. fluid processing)

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

Coating compositions for delivering a medicament from the surface of

ΡΙ	WO	20020	0138	71		A2	:	2002(0221	1	wo 2	001-	US41	309		21	00107
												<				0.	
	WO	20020	0138	71		А3		20020	0530								
			CN, GE, LC, NO, TT, GH, CY,	CO, GH, LK, NZ, TZ, GM, DE,	CR, GM, LR, PL, UA, KE, DK,	CU, HR, LS, PT, UG, LS, ES,	CZ, HU, LT, RO, UZ, MW, FI,	AU, DE, ID, LU, RU, VN, MZ, FR, CI,	DK, IL, LV, SD, YU, SD, GB,	DM, IN, MA, SE, ZA, SL, GR,	DZ, IS, MD, SG, ZW SZ, IE,	EC, JP, MG, SI, TZ, IT,	EE, KE, MK, SK, UG, LU,	ES, KG, MN, SL, ZW, MC,	FI, KP, MW, TJ, AT, NL,	GB, KR, MX, TM, BE, PT,	GD, KZ, MZ, TR, CH, SE,
	CA	24193	TG 379			A1	:	2002)221	(CA 2	001-	2419:	379		21	00107
	AU	20010	08130)4		Α	:	20020)225	i	AU 2	< 001-	8130	4			00107
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US 20020041899	A1	20020411	US 2001-901425	
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US 7056533	В2	20060606		
EP 1309360	A2	20030514	EP 2001-959785	
				20010

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ΕP	1309	360			В1		2006	0419									
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	PT, IE,	SI, LT,	LV, FI, RO, I	MK, CY, AL, TR	
JF	2004520088	T	20040708	JP 2002-519009	
					200107 09
				<	
ΑI	323517	T	20060515	AT 2001-959785	

				200107 09
			<	
AU 2001281304	В2	20060525	AU 2001-281304	

 MX 2003001406 A 20040504 MX 2003-1406 200302 14

US 20060165751 A1 20060727 US 2006-387508 200603 23

PRAI US 2000-225465P P 20000815 <--US 2001-901425 A3 20010709 <--WO 2001-US41309 W 20010709 <--

WO 2001-US41309 W 20010709 <-ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
AB A coating compn., in both its uncrosslinked and crosslinked forms,
for use in delivering a medicament from the surface of a medical
device positioned in vivo is disclosed. Once crosslinked, the
coating compn. provides a gel matrix adapted to contain the
medicament in a form that permits the medicament to be released from
the matrix in a prolonged, controlled, predictable and effective
manner in vivo. A compn. includes a polyether monomer, such as an
alkoxy poly(alkylene glycol), a carboxylic acid-contg. monomer, such
as (meth)acrylic acid, a photoderivatized monomer, and a hydrophilic
monomer such as acrylamide. Acrylamide-methacrylic acid-methoxy
polyethylene glycol monomethacrylate-N-[3-(4benzoylbenzamido)propyl]methacrylamide copolymer was prepd. (I).
Stainless steel rods (2 cm) were dipped in a soln. of 50 mg/mL I in

polyethylene glycol monomethacrylate-N-[3-(4-benzoylbenzamido)propyl]methacrylamide copolymer was prepd. (I). Stainless steel rods (2 cm) were dipped in a soln. of 50 mg/mL I in isopropanol, air dried, subjected to UV light. The coated rods were incubated in a soln. of 100 mg/mL chlorhexidine diacetate for 30 min. at room temp. Release of chlorhexidine from rods was measured by placing the rod on agar surface that was incubated with Staphylococcus epidermidis.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride 9003-56-9, Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene copolymer

(coating compns. for delivering medicament from surface of medical device)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component
			- 1	Registry Number
	==+===		===+=	
HO	- 1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

RN 9002-86-2 HCA

CN Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

```
CM 1
    CRN 75-01-4
    CMF C2 H3 C1
H_2C = CH - C1
    9003-56-9 HCA
    2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene and ethenylbenzene (CA
    INDEX NAME)
    CM 1
    CRN 107-13-1
    CMF C3 H3 N
H_2C \longrightarrow CH - C \longrightarrow N
    CM 2
    CRN 106-99-0
    CMF C4 H6
H2C == CH - CH == CH2
    CM 3
    CRN 100-42-5
    CMF C8 H8
H_2C = CH - Ph
```

RN

CN

CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals) Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38 ΙT Acrylic polymers, biological studies Collagens, biological studies Elastins Fibrins Fluoropolymers, biological studies Polyamide fibers, biological studies Polyamides, biological studies Polycarbonates, biological studies Polyesters, biological studies Polyethers, biological studies Polyimides, biological studies Polvolefins Polysiloxanes, biological studies Polysulfones, biological studies Polyurethanes, biological studies Rubber, biological studies Silicone rubber, biological studies Thermoplastic rubber (coating compns. for delivering medicament from surface of medical device) 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide, IΤ biological studies 1398-61-4, Chitin 7440-06-4, Platinum, biological studies 7440-22-4, Silver, biological studies 7440-32-6, Titanium, biological studies 9002-84-0, Polytetrafluoroethylene 9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride 9002-89-5, Polyvinyl alcohol 9003-01-4, Polyacrylic acid 9003-31-0, Polyisoprene 9003-39-8, Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 9003-54-7, Acrylonitrile-Styrene copolymer 9003-56-9, Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene copolymer 9004-34-6, Cellulose, biological studies 12035-60-8 12597-68-1, Stainless steel, biological studies 24937-78-8. Ethylene vinyl acetate copolymer 24937-79-9, Polyvinylidene fluoride 24980-41-4, Polycaprolactone 25038-71-5, Ethylene tetrafluoroethylene copolymer 25154-80-7. Poly(butylcyanoacrylate) 25248-42-4, Polycaprolactone 26009-03-0, Polyglycolic acid 26023-30-3, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)] 26100-51-6, Polylactic acid 26124-68-5, Polyglycolic acid 26835-20-1, Acrylonitrile butadiene ethylene copolymer 112143-11-0 (coating compns. for delivering medicament from surface of medical device) THERE ARE 8 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (8 OSC.G CITINGS)

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

IC

RE.CNT 3

ICM A61K047-30

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L56 ANSWER 22 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 135:157713 HCA Full-text
- Composite biomaterial including anisometric calcium phosphate TI reinforcement particles and related methods
- IN Roeder, Ryan K.; Turner, Charles H.
- Advanced Research and Technology Institute, Inc., USA PA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

	Enq CNT	glish 1 TENT	NIO.			L T NI	D	DATE			7 DDI	TCAT	TON :	NIO.		D	ATE
		LENI				TIN.	_				AFF L					D.	MILL
ΡΙ	WO	2001	- 0547	46		A2		2001	0802		W O 2	001-	US32	19		2	00101
												<					
	WO	2001	0547	46		A3		2002	0307								
			CN, GM, LR, PL, UA, GH, CY,	CR, HR, LS, PT, UG, GM, DE,	CU, HU, LT, RO, US, KE, DK,	CZ, ID, LU, RU, UZ, LS, ES,	DE, IL, LV, SD, VN, MW, FI,	AU, DK, IN, MA, SE, YU, MZ, FR, CI,	DM, IS, MD, SG, ZA, SD, GB,	DZ, JP, MG, SI, ZW SL, GR,	EE, KE, MK, SK, SZ, IE,	ES, KG, MN, SL, TZ, IT,	FI, KP, MW, TJ, UG, LU,	GB, KR, MX, TM, ZW, MC,	GD, KZ, MZ, TR, AT, NL,	GE, LC, NO, TT, BE, PT,	GH, LK, NZ, TZ, CH, SE,
	AU	2001		64		A		2001	0807		AU 2	001-	3126	4		2	00101
	US	2003	0031	698		A1		2003	0213		US 2	< 002-	1828	23		2	00207 1

PRAI US 2000-179238P P 20000131 <--WO 2001-US3219 W 20010131 <--

Composite biomaterials (e.g., for use as orthopedic implants), as AB well as methods of prepg. composite biomaterials, are disclosed. The composite biomaterial includes a matrix (e.g., a continuous phase) comprising a thermoplastic polymer, a calcium phosphate compn. that is curable in vivo, or combinations thereof. The composite biomaterial also includes an isometric calcium phosphate

reinforcement particles which are dispersed within the matrix. For example, a bone cement contg. poly(Me methacrylate) matrix reinforced with calcium hydroxyapatite (HA) particles in the shape of whiskers was prepd. Mech. tests demonstrated the improved mech. properties of the HA whisker reinforced composites compared to the matrix alone as well as reinforcement with a conventional HA powder. The enhanced mech. properties over the conventional HA powder are attributed to the anisometric morphol. of the whisker reinforcements and their preferred orientation ("alignment") along the direction of applied stress. Shear stresses caused by material flow during injection developed a preferred crystallog. orientation of the HA whiskers within the matrix material and yielded anisotropic mech. properties. The degree of preferred orientation in HA whisker reinforced specimens was similar to that measured in human cortical bone.

IT 1306-06-5DP, Calcium hydroxyapatite, carbonated 1306-06-5P, Calcium hydroxyapatite

(composite biomaterial including anisometric calcium phosphate reinforcement particles for orthopedic implants)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	1	Component
	- 1		Re	gistry Number
	+		====+====	
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	1	7440-70-2

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	I I	Ratio	I I	Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	
HO	1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-53-6, Polystyrene

(composite biomaterial including anisometric calcium phosphate reinforcement particles for orthopedic implants)

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

```
CRN 74-85-1
    CMF C2 H4
H2C==CH2
    9003-07-0 HCA
    1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
    CRN 115-07-1
    CMF C3 H6
H3C-CH=CH2
   9003-53-6 HCA
   Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM 1
    CRN 100-42-5
    CMF C8 H8
H2C=CH-Ph
    9011-14-7, Poly(methyl methacrylate)
       (composite biomaterial including anisometric calcium phosphate
       reinforcement particles for orthopedic implants)
    9011-14-7 HCA
    2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, homopolymer (CA INDEX
    NAME)
    CM 1
    CRN 80-62-6
    CMF C5 H8 O2
```

RN

CN

RN

CN

ΙT

RN

CN

```
IC.
    ICM A61L027-00
CC
    63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
    Section cross-reference(s): 38, 78
ST
    calcium phosphate thermoplastic polymer composite
    orthopedic implant
    Plastics, biological studies
TΤ
        (thermoplastics; composite biomaterial including
        anisometric calcium phosphate reinforcement particles for
        orthopedic implants)
    1306-01-0P, Tetracalcium phosphate 1306-06-5DP, Calcium
ΙT
    hydroxyapatite, carbonated 1306-06-5P, Calcium
    hydroxyapatite 7757-93-9P, Dicalcium phosphate 7758-23-8P,
    Monocalcium phosphate 7758-87-4P, Tricalcium phosphate
    7789-77-7P, Dicalcium phosphate dihydrate 10031-30-8P, Monocalcium
    phosphate monohydrate 10103-46-5P, Dynafos 13767-12-9P,
    Octacalcium phosphate
        (composite biomaterial including anisometric calcium phosphate
        reinforcement particles for orthopedic implants)
ΙT
    79-10-7D, Acrylic acid, esters, polymers
                                              79-41-4D, Methacrylic
    acid, esters, polymers 9002-88-4, Polyethylene
    9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-29-6, Polybutylene
    9003-53-6, Polystyrene
                             24980-41-4,
    Poly(ε-caprolactone)
                          25248-42-4,
    Poly[oxy(1-oxo-1,6-hexanediyl)] 26009-03-0, Poly(glycolide)
    26023-30-3, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)]
                                                           26063-00-3.
    Poly(hydroxybutyrate) 26161-42-2
                                        26202-08-4, Poly(glycolide)
    26680-10-4, Poly(DL-lactide) 26744-04-7 27083-66-5,
    Poly(propylene fumarate) 29223-92-5, 1,4-Dioxan-2-one, homopolymer
    31621-87-1, Poly(dioxanone) 33135-50-1, Poly(L-lactide)
    75734-93-9, Poly(glyconate) 102190-94-3, Poly(hydroxyvaleric acid)
        (composite biomaterial including anisometric calcium phosphate
        reinforcement particles for orthopedic implants)
    9011-14-7, Poly(methyl methacrylate)
IΤ
        (composite biomaterial including anisometric calcium phosphate
       reinforcement particles for orthopedic implants)
             THERE ARE 8 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (8
OSC.G
             CITINGS)
             THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 5
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ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L56 ANSWER 23 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 134:183541 HCA Full-text

 ${\tt TI} \ \ \ \mbox{Manufacture of porous ceramic implants with good biocompatibility} \\ \mbox{for artificial bone}$

IN Okada, Mitsufumi; Okura, Tsunetoshi; Sugimoto, Atsushi; Okuyama, Masahiko

PA NGK Spark Plug Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 2001046490	A	20010220	JP 1999-226675	
					199908

JP 4358374

B2 20091104

PRAI JP 1999-226675

AB Title implants are manufd. by molding material granules with thermoplastic flammable dummy particles, heating the molds at a temp. higher than the softening temp. of the dummy particles to deform or melt the dummy particle, cooling the moldings to solidify the dummy particles and bond the material granules, processing (e.g. cutting or punching), and sintering. During the sintering process, the dummy particles are burned away. A porous implant was manufd. from granules contg. hydroxyaoatite and Ca phosphate-based glass frit, and

<--

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

(low-d., dummy particles; manuf. of porous ceramic implants with good biocompatibility for artificial bone)

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

poly(iso-Bu methacrylate) particles.

CM 1

CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

 $H_2C \longrightarrow CH_2$

ΙT

(manuf. of porous ceramic implants with good biocompatibility for artificial bone)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	- 1	Component
			- 1	Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	
HO	- 1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P		3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	1	7440-70-2

- IC ICM A61L027-00 ICS A61L027-00
- CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
- Section cross-reference(s): 57
- ST artificial bone porous implant ceramic manuf; polymethacrylate hydroxyapatite calcium phosphate ceramic manuf; thermoplastic porous implant ceramic manuf
- IT Plastics, uses
 - (thermoplastics, dummy particles; manuf. of porous ceramic implants with good biocompatibility for artificial bone)
- IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene
 - (low-d., dummy particles; manuf. of porous ceramic implants with good biocompatibility for artificial bone)
- IT 1305-78-8, Calcium oxide, biological studies 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 1314-23-4, Zirconia, biological studies 1314-56-3, Diphosphorus pentaoxide, biological studies 1344-28-1,
 - Alumina, biological studies 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate (manuf. of porous ceramic implants with good biocompatibility for artificial bone)
- L56 ANSWER 24 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 134:136417 HCA Full-text
- TI Microbiological water filter
- IN Johnston, Arthur W.; Johnston, Arthur F.; Williams, Frank A.; Hughes, Kenneth D.
- PA Watervisions International, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 12 pp.
- CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English

FAN	.CNT 2				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 6187192	В1	20010213	US 1999-382278	

		<	199908 25
US 6180016	B1 20010130	US 2000-498155	200002 04
CA 2382875	A1 20010301	< CA 2000-2382875	200008 25
CA 2382875 WO 2001014257	C 20070501 A1 20010301	< WO 2000-US40759	200008
		<	25
CN, CR, GM, HR, LR, LS, PL, PT, UA, UG, RW: GH, GM, CY, DE, BF, BJ,	CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, IT, LU, LV, MA, MD, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, FV, KG, KZ, MD, RU, RU, SC, KG, KZ, MD, RU,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, MG, MK, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, ZW SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE,	GD, GE, GH, KZ, LC, LK, MZ, NO, NZ, TR, TT, TZ, AT, BE, CH, NL, PT, SE,
	SI, LT, LV, FI, RO,	< GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, MK, CY, AL BR 2000-13576	
BR 2000013376	A 20020716		200008 25
JP 2003507184	T 20030225	< JP 2001-518359	200008 25
JP 3706578 NZ 518060	B2 20051012 A 20040130	< NZ 2000-518060	200008 25
AU 773551	B2 20040527	< AU 2000-80354	

				200008 25
CN 1170777	С	20041013	< CN 2000-814694	200008 25
US 20030015467	A1	20030123	< US 2001-768115	200101
US 6957743	В2	20051025	<	23
MX 2002001910	A	20040421	MX 2002-1910	200202 22
ZA 2002002336	A	20030922	< ZA 2002-2336	200203 22
IN 2002KN00389	A	20060602	< IN 2002-KN389	200203
			<	22

PRAI US 1999-382278 A3 WO 2000-US40759 W

A3 19990825 <--W 20000825 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A method and device for the filtration and/or purifn. of fluids water or other solns. contg. microbiol. contaminants, such as fluids contg. including bacteria and/or viruses, where the fluid water is passed through a purifn. material composed of apatite and absorption media in a fixed binder matrix.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) 9002-86-2 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-53-6, Polystyrene

(microbiol. water filter)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio		Component		
	1		Red	gistry Number	
	=+===		+		
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9	
04P	- 1	3	1	14265-44-2	
Ca	1	5	1	7440-70-2	

RN 9002-86-2 HCA

```
CN Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM 1
    CRN 75-01-4
    CMF C2 H3 C1
H2C==CH-C1
RN
   9002-88-4 HCA
CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM 1
    CRN 74-85-1
    CMF C2 H4
H2C==CH2
RN 9003-07-0 HCA
   1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM 1
    CRN 115-07-1
    CMF C3 H6
H3C-CH=CH2
    9003-53-6 HCA
RN
    Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM 1
    CRN 100-42-5
    CMF C8 H8
```

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TC TCM B01D039-00
INCL 210502100
CC 61-5 (Water)
IT Binders
       (thermoplastic; microbiol, water filter)
IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) 9002-86-2
    9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9002-89-5 9003-07-0,
    Polypropylene 9003-20-7 9003-53-6, Polystyrene
    9004-34-6, Cellulose, uses 25322-68-3
       (microbiol. water filter)
OSC.G
            THERE ARE 20 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (23
            CITINGS)
RE.CNT 30
           THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
            ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L56 ANSWER 25 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
AN 134:46843 HCA Full-text
TI Pacifiers for pet animals having batteries to generate electric
    current
IN Axelrod, Glen S.
PA T.F.H. Publications Inc., USA
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkvo Koho, 8 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                      ----
PI JP 2000350529
                      A 20001219 JP 2000-134171
                                                              200005
                                                              0.8
                                             <--
    EP 1053675 A2 20001122 EP 2000-401164
                                                              200004
                                                              27
                                             <--
    EP 1053675 A3 20011219
EP 1053675 B1 20061213
        R: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU,
            MC, NL, PT, SE
    AT 347799
                       T
                           20070115 AT 2000-401164
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C 20040714 CN 2000-107502

C 20040/14

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200005 08

PRAI US 1999-303515

CN 1157111

19990503 <--

AB In the pacifier comprising an outer surface and a battery housing which has 1st and 2nd electrodes, 1st and 2nd elec. conductors which extend opposite directions, and 1st and 2nd holes penetrating from the outer surface to the 1st and 2nd conductors, resp. When animal chews the pacifier, saliva is conduced into the elec. conductors through the holes to form a closed elec. circuit thus generating elec. current which makes teeth and gingiva healthy. The pacifier may have a part made from ion-releasing ceramics. The elec. conductor may contain trace elements such as Mo, Co, V, Be, Pt, and Re which generate ion upon elec. current to prevent dental caries and promote cementogenesis.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite

(ion-releasing, pacifiers for pet animals having batteries and saliva-conducting holes to close elec. circuit and generate elec. current to make tooth and gingiva healthy)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN

Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- [Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=:	
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	1	14265-44-2
Ca	1	5	1	7440-70-2

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-53-6, Polystyrene

(pacifiers for pet animals having batteries and saliva-conducting holes to close elec. circuit and generate elec. current to make tooth and gingiva healthy)

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 74-85-1

CMF C2 H4

```
H_2C \longrightarrow CH_2
RN
    9003-07-0 HCA
CN
    1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
    CRN 115-07-1
     CMF C3 H6
H3C-CH-CH2
RN
    9003-53-6 HCA
CN
    Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN 100-42-5
    CMF C8 H8
H2C==CH-Ph
IC
    ICM A01K029-00
     ICS C08K003-08; C08L063-00; C08L075-04
CC
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38
    Plastics, biological studies
ΤT
        (thermoplastics; pacifiers for pet animals having
        batteries and saliva-conducting holes to close elec. circuit and
        generate elec. current to make tooth and gingiva healthy)
ΙT
     1306-05-4, Fluorapatite (Ca5F(PO4)3) 1306-06-5,
     Hydroxylapatite
        (ion-releasing; pacifiers for pet animals having batteries and
        saliva-conducting holes to close elec. circuit and generate elec.
        current to make tooth and gingiva healthy)
TT
     9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene
     9003-53-6, Polystyrene
        (pacifiers for pet animals having batteries and saliva-conducting
```

holes to close elec. circuit and generate elec. current to make tooth and gingiva healthy)

L56 ANSWER 26 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

134:9402 HCA Full-text AN

- ΤI Polymer reinforced anatomically accurate bioactive prostheses Giordano, Russell A.: Wu. Benjamin M.
- IN
- P

LA	Eng	glish
FAN.	CNT	1

IN PA SO DT LA FAN.	PC' COI Pat	ordandston Int DEN: Tent glish	Univ . Ap	ersi pl.,	ty,	USA	u, B	enja	min 1	м.							
	PA	TENT I				KIN	D -	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION :	NO.		D.	ATE
PI	WO	2000	- 0710	83		A1		2000	1130		WO 2		US13	607		2	00005 8
		W:	CU, ID, LU, SD,	CZ, IL, LV,	DE, IN, MA, SG,	DK, IS, MD,	DM, JP, MG,	AZ, EE, KE, MK, SL,	ES, KG, MN,	FI, KP, MW,	GB, KR, MX,	GD, KZ, NO,	GE, LC, NZ,	GH, LK, PL,	GM, LR, PT,	HR, LS, RO,	HU, LT, RU,
	CA	RW:	GH, CY, BF,	GM, DE,	KE, DK,	ES,	FI, CI,	MZ, FR, CM, 2000	GB, GA,	GR, GN,	IE, GW,	IT, ML,	LU, MR,	MC, NE,	NL,	PT,	SE,
	CA	2371	214			AI		2000.	1130		CA Z		2311	214		2	00005 8
		1178						2002			EP 2	< 000-	9325	48		2	00005 8
		1178 R:	AT, PT,	BE, IE,	SI,	DE, LT,	DK, LV,	2006 ES, FI,	FR, RO,	CY					NL,	SE,	MC,
	JP	2003	5001	12		T		2003	0107		JP 2		6193	95		2	00005
	US	6605	293			В1		2003	0812		US 2	< 000-	5741	46		2	00005

<--AT 333861 Т 20060815 AT 2000-932548 200005 1.8 <--US 20040024470 A1 20040205 US 2003-615466 200307 0.8 <--

US 7052710 B2 20060530 PRAI US 1999-135009P P 19990520 <--P US 2000-182825P 20000216 <--US 2000-574146 A1 20000518 <--WO 2000-US13607 20000518 <--W

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

Customized implants for use in reconstructive bone surgeries where anatomical accuracy and bone adaptation are important, such as plastic and cranio-maxillofacial reconstructions. This implant comprises a porous surface layer and a tough inner core of interpenetrating phase composite. The porous surface layer enhances the biocompatibility, tissue ingrowth, and implant stability. The tough inner core improves the mech. properties of the implant with a high fracture toughness and a low modulus. The anatomical accuracy of the implants will minimize the intra-operative manipulation required to maintain a stable host bone-implant interface.

ΙT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 9002-86-2, PVC

9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene

9003-53-6, Polystyrene

(polymer reinforced anatomically accurate bioactive prostheses) 1306-06-5 HCA RN

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	I	Ratio]	Component Registry Number
	==+==		-==+==	
HO	- 1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

9002-86-2 HCA RN

CN Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 75-01-4 CMF C2 H3 C1

```
H_2C = CH - C1
RN 9002-88-4 HCA
CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
       1
    CRN 74-85-1
    CMF C2 H4
H2C==CH2
RN 9003-07-0 HCA
CN 1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM 1
    CRN 115-07-1
    CMF C3 H6
H3C-CH-CH2
    9003-53-6 HCA
RN
CN Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM 1
    CRN 100-42-5
    CMF C8 H8
H2C==CH-Ph
IC ICM A61K006-033
```

ICS A61L027-42 CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals) Section cross-reference(s): 37 Plastics, biological studies

(thermoplastics; polymer reinforced anatomically accurate bioactive prostheses)

IT 80-62-6, Methyl methacrylate 109-16-0, TEGDMA 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 1344-28-1, Alumina, biological studies 1565-94-2, Bis-GMA 7440-32-6, Titanium, biological studies 7631-86-9, Silica, biological studies 9002-84-0, PTFE 9002-86-2,

PVC 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0,

Polypropylene 9003-20-7, Polyvinyl acetate 9003-53-6,

Polystyrene 9004-34-6, Cellulose, biological studies 9041-80-9, Polyphenylene oxide 24980-41-4, Polycaprolactone 25248-42-4,

Polycaprolactone 26009-03-0, Polyglycolic acid 26023-30-3,

Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)] 26063-00-3,

Polyhydroxybutyrate 26100-51-6, Polylactic acid 26124-68-5, Polyglycolic acid 26744-04-7 29223-92-5 31621-87-1,

Polydioxanone 31852-84-3, Polytrimethylene carbonate 37264-56-5 50862-75-4, Poly(oxycarbonyloxy-1,3-propanediyl)

(polymer reinforced anatomically accurate bioactive prostheses)
OSC.G 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (5

CITINGS)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L56 ANSWER 27 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 132:294873 HCA <u>Full-text</u>

TI Thermoplastic polyester compositions and films

IN Chikugi, Toshihiro; Shimizu, Yuzo; Morimoto, Tsutomu

PA Toray Industries, Inc., Japan SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

O Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent LA Japanese

ΙT

LA FAN.	Japanese CNT 1				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	JP 2000119495	A	20000425	JP 1998-296569	
					199810
					19
				<	
	JP 4010064	B2	20071121		
	JP 2006249439	A	20060921	JP 2006-121607	
					200604
					26
				<	

PRAI JP 1998-296569 A3 19981019 <--

AB The compns. contain 0.001-10% (based on polyester) hydroxyapatite particles having av. primary particle size 5-200 nm, and av. secondary particle size 0.1-10 µm with a relative std. deviation of ≤0.95. The compns. are useful for manuf. of abrasion-resistant films for condensers, metal laminates, thermal stencil printing materials, and magnetic recording media.

IT 25038-59-9P, PET polyester, uses

(abrasion-resistant thermoplastic polyester films

contg. hydroxyapatite)

RN 25038-59-9 HCA

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(abrasion-resistant thermoplastic polyester films
contq. hydroxyapatite)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

	Ratio	- 1	Component
		- 1	Registry Number
-+		=+=	
1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
1	3	- 1	14265-44-2
1	5		7440-70-2
	 - -+================================	İ	Ratio

IC ICM C08L067-02

ICS B32B015-08; C08J005-18; C08K003-32; G11B005-733

38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses) Section cross-reference(s): 37, 74

IT Capacitors

CC

(abrasion-resistant thermoplastic polyester compns. contq. hydroxyapatite for condensers)

IT Abrasion-resistant materials

Laminated plastic films

(abrasion-resistant thermoplastic polyester films

contg. hvdroxvapatite) ΙT Polvesters, uses (abrasion-resistant thermoplastic polvester films contq. hydroxyapatite) ΙT Cans (abrasion-resistant thermoplastic polyester films contg. hydroxyapatite for cans) ΙT Magnetic tapes (abrasion-resistant thermoplastic polyester films contg. hydroxyapatite for magnetic tapes) Laminated plastics, uses TΤ (abrasion-resistant thermoplastic polyester films contg, hydroxyapatite for stencil printing) Thermal printing materials ΤТ (stencil; abrasion-resistant thermoplastic polyester films contq. hydroxyapatite for stencil printing) ΙT 9017-34-9P, Dimethyl isophthalate-dimethyl terephthalate-ethylene glycol copolymer, sru 25038-59-9P, PET polyester, uses 25135-73-3P, Dimethyl isophthalate-dimethyl terephthalate-ethylene alvcol copolymer (abrasion-resistant thermoplastic polvester films contq. hydroxyapatite) ΙT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite (abrasion-resistant thermoplastic polyester films contq. hydroxyapatite) OSC.G THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 1 CITINGS) ANSWER 28 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN L56 132:181734 HCA Full-text AN Polyester compositions and their films for capacitors, TT heat-sensitive stencil printing, metal sheet lamination, and magnetic recording media Chikugi, Toshihiro; Shimizu, Yuzo; Morimoto, Tsutomu IN Toray Industries, Inc., Japan PA Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp. SO CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent. LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

	_					
JP 2000	063642	A	20000229	JI	P 1998-232768	
						100000

PT

199808

JP 3785823 B2 20060614

PRAI JP 1998-232768 19980819 <-- AB The compns., useful for magnetic tapes, food cans, printing paper,

the Compins, useful for magnetic tapes, foot cans, printing paper, etc., contain thermoplastic polyesters and hydroxyapatite particles Ca(PO4)1(OH)m(CO3)nYx (Y = anion; 1 = 0.4-0.6; m = 0.1-0.4; n = 0-0.2; x = 0-0.2) showing av. particle size 0.01-10 μm , sp. surface area 50-500 m2/g, and relative std. deviation (G) of particle diam. Co.5. Thus, di-Me terephthalic acid and ethylene glycol were polymd. in the presence of catalysts and Ca(PO4)0.54(OH)0.18(CO3)0.1 (av. particle size 0.4 μm , G 0.2, sp. surface area 160 m2/g, pore vol. 0.45 mL/g) to give a polyester compn. showing sp. resistivity 6 + 109 Ω -cm and good particle dispersibility. A film of the compn. showed excellent wear and scratch resistance and dielec. breakdown voltage 640 $V/\mu m$.

IT 25038-59-9P, uses

RN CN

RN

(polyester films contg. hydrotalcite particles for capacitors, printing papers, food can lamination, and magnetic tapes) 25038-59-9 HCA

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 221359-88-2, Calcium carbonate hydroxide phosphate (Ca(CO3)0.1(OH)0.18(PO4)0.54) 221359-92-8, Calcium hydroxide phosphate (Ca(OH)0.18(HPO4)0.1(PO4)0.54) 259685-46-6, Calcium carbonate hydroxide phosphate (Ca(CO3)0.05(OH)0.19(PO4)0.57) 259685-47-7, Calcium carbonate hydroxide phosphate (Ca(CO3)0.2(OH)0.16(PO4)0.48) 259685-48-8, Calcium chloride hydroxide phosphate (CaCl0.05(OH)0.2(PO4)0.59)

(polyester films contg. hydrotalcite particles for capacitors, printing papers, food can lamination, and magnetic tapes) 221359-88-2 HCA

CN Calcium carbonate hydroxide phosphate (Ca(CO3)0.1(OH)0.18(PO4)0.54)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	- 1	Component
	- 1		- 1	Registry Number
	+		+	
HO		0.18	- 1	14280-30-9
04P		0.54	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	1	- 1	7440-70-2
C03	- 1	0.1	- 1	3812-32-6

RN 221359-92-8 HCA

CN Calcium hydroxide phosphate (Ca(OH)0.18(HPO4)0.1(PO4)0.54) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	Component Registry Number
	-т		-T
HO	1	0.18	14280-30-9
04P	1	0.54	14265-44-2
HO4P	1	0.1	14066-19-4
Ca	1	1	7440-70-2

RN 259685-46-6 HCA

Component	- 1	Ratio	1	Component
	- 1		1	Registry Number
	==+==		+=	
HO	- 1	0.19	1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	0.57	1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	1	1	7440-70-2
CO3		0.05	1	3812-32-6

RN 259685-47-7 HCA

CN Calcium carbonate hydroxide phosphate (Ca(CO3)0.2(OH)0.16(PO4)0.48) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	 Re	Component gistry Number
но		0.16	+ 	14280-30-9
04P	i	0.48	i	14265-44-2
Ca	1	1	1	7440-70-2
CO3	1	0.2	1	3812-32-6

RN 259685-48-8 HCA

CN Calcium chloride hydroxide phosphate (CaCl0.05(OH)0.2(PO4)0.59) (CA INDEX NAME)

	1	i			mponent try Number				
C1 HO O4P		0. 0. 0.	.05 .2 .59		22537-15-1 14280-30-9 14265-44-2				
Ca		1		I	7440-70-2				
IC	ICM CO8L				_				
CC		027-36; C08 stics Fabri			2				
	Section c	coss-refere	ence(s): 17	, 55, 74					
IT	terephthal 25038-91-9 acid copol isophthala Ethylene copolymer (polyes	late copoly PP, 1,4-Cyc lymer 251 ate-dimethy glycol-naph ster films	mer, sru 2 clohexanedi 35-73-3P, d terephth thalene-2, contg. hyd	methanol Ethylene alate co 6-dicarb	-ethylene glyc -glycol-dimeth polymer 2591 oxylic acid-te e particles fo	ol-tereph yl 5-92-8P, rephthali	c acid		
IT	(polyester films contg. hydrotalcite particles for capacitors, printing papers, food can lamination, and magnetic tapes) 221359-88-2, Calcium carbonate hydroxide phosphate (Ca(CO3)0.1(OH)0.18(PO4)0.54) 221359-92-8, Calcium hydroxide phosphate (Ca(OH)0.18(HPO4)0.1(PO4)0.54) 259685-46-6, Calcium carbonate hydroxide phosphate (Ca(CO3)0.05(OH)0.19(PO4)0.57) 259685-47-7, Calcium carbonate hydroxide phosphate (Ca(CO3)0.2(OH)0.16(PO4)0.48) 259685-48-8, Calcium chloride hydroxide phosphate (CaCl0.05(OH)0.2(PO4)0.59) (polyester films contg. hydrotalcite particles for capacitors, printing papers, food can lamination, and magnetic tapes)								
L56 AN TI IN PA SO DT LA FAN.	131:34538 Electret s Matsumoto, Toray Indu	ustries, In i Tokkyo Ko	.l-text their manu Nishiura, nc., Japan	ıfacture	CS on STN Omori, Taira				
	PATENT NO		KIND DAT	E	APPLICATION N	0.	DATE		
		-		_					

PI JP 11319441 A 19991124 JP 1998-139644

PRAI JP 1998-139644

19980521 <--

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AB A thermoplastic fiber sheet carrying Ca phosphates is claimed as an electret sheet having surface charge d. ≥1.0 + 10-10 C/cm2. The sheet is prepd. by application of Ca phosphate on a thermoplastic fiber sheet followed by treatment for electret formation. The sheets have antibacterial and antivirus characteristics and are useful as adsorbents for toxic gas, dust, mist, odorous gases, etc.

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

(fibers; thermoplastic fiber sheets carrying calcium phosphates as electrets and their prepn.)

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

H2C=CH2

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(thermoplastic fiber sheets carrying calcium phosphates as electrets and their prepn.)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	-	Component Registry Number
	==+==		==+=	
HO		1		14280-30-9
04P		3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

IC ICM B01D039-14

ICS B01D046-00; B01D053-04; B01D053-34; B01D053-81; D06M010-00; D06M010-06; D06M011-71; D06M023-08; D06M101-22

CC 76-10 (Electric Phenomena)

Section cross-reference(s): 40, 47, 59

ST calcium phosphate coated thermoplastic fiber electret; particle adsorbent fiber sheet electret; antibacterial electret sheet manuf; antivirus electret sheet manuf IΤ Polvolefin fibers (ethylene; thermoplastic fiber sheets carrying calcium phosphates as electrets and their prepn.) ΙT Fluoropolymers, processes (fibers: thermoplastic fiber sheets carrying calcium phosphates as electrets and their prepn.) ΙΤ Synthetic polymeric fibers, processes (tetrafluoroethylene; thermoplastic fiber sheets carrying calcium phosphates as electrets and their prepn.) Electrets TΤ Filters (thermoplastic fiber sheets carrying calcium phosphates as electrets and their prepn.) Polypropene fibers, processes ΤТ (thermoplastic fiber sheets carrying calcium phosphates as electrets and their prepn.) ΤТ Textiles (thermoplastic fiber; thermoplastic fiber sheets carrying calcium phosphates as electrets and their prepn.) 9002-84-0, Polytetrafluoroethylene 9002-88-4, Polyethylene ΙT

25085-53-4, Isotactic polypropene (fibers; thermoplastic fiber sheets carrying calcium phosphates as electrets and their prepn.)

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(thermoplastic fiber sheets carrying calcium phosphates as electrets and their prepn.)

L56 ANSWER 30 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 130:255982 HCA Full-text

TI Development of a binder formulation for fused deposition of ceramics

AU McNulty, Thomas F.; Cornejo, Ivan; Mohammadi, Farhad; Danforth, Stephen C.; Safari, Ahmad

CS Department of Ceramic and Materials Engineering, Rutgers University, Piscataway, NJ, 08854, USA

SO Solid Freeform Fabrication Symposium Proceedings (1998) 613-620

CODEN: SFFPF4: ISSN: 1053-2153

PB University of Texas at Austin

DT Journal

LA English

AB A new binder formulation has been developed for Fused Deposition of Ceramics (FDC) which consists of com.-available polymer constituents. This formulation was used in conjunction with lead zirconate titanate (PZT) and hydroxyapatite (HAp) powders. Adsorption studies were performed to test the effectiveness of several carboxylic acids and alcs. on the dispersion of these powders in the binder system. In both cases, it was found that stearic acid was most effective as a

dispersant for the ceramic powder/thermoplastic system. After a suitable dispersant was chosen, ceramic powders were compounded with the binder formulation to yield 55 vol.% ceramic-loaded materials. The resultant compd. was used to make filament suitable for use in a modified Stratasys 3D-Modeler. The filament was well suited for FDC usage, and the parts made using FDC contained no detectable filament-related defects.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3)

(bioceramics; development of polymer binder-dispersant

formulation for fused deposition of ceramics)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	 	Component Registry Number
========	==+==	=========	===+=	==========
HO	- 1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5		7440-70-2

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

(wax, binder mixt.; development of polymer binder-dispersant formulation for fused deposition of ceramics)

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 74-85-1

CMF C2 H4

 $H_2C \longrightarrow CH_2$

CC 57-2 (Ceramics)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 63, 76

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3)

(bioceramics; development of polymer binder-dispersant formulation for fused deposition of ceramics)

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

(wax, binder mixt.; development of polymer binder-dispersant formulation for fused deposition of ceramics)

OSC.G 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L56 ANSWER 31 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 130:238278 HCA Full-text

TI Polyester composition for films

IN Tsuzuki, Toshihiro; Shimizu, Yuzo; Ueda, Takashi; Morimoto, Tsutomu

PA Toray Industries, Inc., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

LA FAN.		panes 1	е														
	PA:	TENT			KIN	_	DATE			APP	LIC	ATI	ON 	NO.		D	ATE
PI	WO	9915	- 590		A1		1999	0401		WO	199	8-J	P35	23			99808
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		RW:		BE,	CY,	DE,	, DK,	ES,	FΙ,	FR	(, G)	В,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,
	JP	1109			A		1999	0406		JP	199	7-2	600	11			99709
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	JP	3653	948		B2		2005	0602									
	JP	1120	9589		A		1999	0803		JP	199	8-9	696				
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	CA	2271	860		A1		1999	0401		CA	199	8-2	271	860		_	99808
	EP	9420	45		A1		1999	0915		EP	1991	8-9	366	94			99808
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	EP	9420 R:					2006										
	CN	1140					2004			CN	199	8-8	013	90			
																	99808 7
	US	6048	626		A		2000	0411		US	199	9-2	973	49			

199904

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PRAI JP 1997-260011
                      A
                            19970925 <--
    JP 1998-9696
                        Δ
                             19980121 <--
    WO 1998-JP3523 W
                              19980807 <--
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
AB
     The compn. having good slip properties and wearing resistance, good
     elec. properties, punchability, processability in metal laminate
     prodn., and flavor preservation, comprises a thermoplastic polyester
     resin and hydroxyapatite Ca(PO4)1(OH)m(CO3)nYx wherein Y is any anion
     other than phosphate, hydroxy, and carbonate groups, 1 is 0.4 to 0.6,
     m is 0.1 to 0.4, n is 0 to 0.2, x is 0 to 0.2, and 3X1+m+2Xn+zXx=2 (z
     being the valence of the anion Y)] and having an av. particle diam.
     of 0.01 to 10 \mum and a sp. surface area of 50 to 500 m2/q. Thus,
     polyester form di-Me terephthalate and ethylene glycol 100 and
     Ca(PO4) 0.6(OH) 0.2 (av. diam. 0.4 um, sp. surface area 160 m2/q,
     micropore vol. 0.45 mL/g) 0.4 parts were extruded to a film, showing
     good wear resistance and damage voltage 620/Vum.
ΙT
    9003-53-6
       (highly crosslinked particles; in polyester compn. for films)
RN
    9003-53-6 HCA
CN
    Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN 100-42-5
    CMF C8 H8
H_2C = CH - Ph
IΤ
    12167-74-7, Calcium hydroxide phosphate (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3)
    221359-88-2, Calcium carbonate hydroxide phosphate
    (Ca(CO3)0.1(OH)0.18(PO4)0.54) 221359-92-8, Calcium
    hydroxide phosphate (Ca(OH)0.18(HPO4)0.1(PO4)0.54)
    221359-94-0, Calcium hydroxide phosphate
    (Ca(OH)0.35(PO4)0.55)
       (in polvester compn. for films)
    12167-74-7 HCA
RN
CN
    Calcium hydroxide phosphate (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Component | Ratio
                                - 1
                                      Component
                                | Registry Number
_____+
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1 1 1 14280-30-9

HO

04P	3	14265-44-2
Ca	5	7440-70-2

RN 221359-88-2 HCA

CN Calcium carbonate hydroxide phosphate (Ca(CO3)0.1(OH)0.18(PO4)0.54) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	I I	Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	=+==		===+=	
HO	1	0.18	1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	0.54	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	1	- 1	7440-70-2
CO3	- 1	0.1	- 1	3812-32-6

RN 221359-92-8 HCA

CN Calcium hydroxide phosphate (Ca(OH)0.18(HPO4)0.1(PO4)0.54) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
	+		===+=	
HO	- 1	0.18	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	0.54	- 1	14265-44-2
HO4P	- 1	0.1	- 1	14066-19-4
Ca	- 1	1	- 1	7440-70-2

RN 221359-94-0 HCA

CN Calcium hydroxide phosphate (Ca(OH)0.35(PO4)0.55) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
HO		0.35		14280-30-9
04P	- 1	0.55	1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	1	- 1	7440-70-2

IT 25038-59-9, PET polyester, properties (polyester compn. for films)

RN 25038-59-9 HCA

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

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TCM C08I-067-02
     ICS B32B015-08; B32B027-36; C08K003-32; C08J005-18; G11B005-704;
          H01G004-18
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38
     9003-53-6
ΙT
        (highly crosslinked particles; in polyester compn. for films)
     12167-74-7, Calcium hydroxide phosphate (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3)
ΙT
     221359-88-2, Calcium carbonate hydroxide phosphate
     (Ca(CO3)0.1(OH)0.18(PO4)0.54) 221359-92-8, Calcium
     hydroxide phosphate (Ca(OH)0.18(HPO4)0.1(PO4)0.54)
     221359-94-0, Calcium hydroxide phosphate
     (Ca(OH)0.35(PO4)0.55)
        (in polyester compn. for films)
ΙT
     25038-59-9, PET polyester, properties
                                            30497-78-0.
     1,4-Butanediol-ethylene glycol-terephthalic acid copolymer
     118611-01-1, Ethylene glycol-naphthalenedicarboxylic
     acid-terephthalic acid copolymer
                                       132908-61-3,
     Cyclohexane-1, 4-diol-ethylene glycol-terephthalic acid copolymer
        (polvester compn. for films)
              THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1
OSC.G
              CITINGS)
RE.CNT 1
              THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L56
     ANSWER 32 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
AN
    130:172236 HCA Full-text
TΙ
    Adsorbent sheets laminated on building material board for improved
     environmentally clean-up function
```

Sotoki, Takeyuki; Oda, Tatsuya; Sekine, Yoshika

Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent

Japanese FAN.CNT 1

IN PA

SO

DT

LA

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	JP 11034204	A	19990209	JP 1997-192413	
					199707
					17

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JP 4122540 PRAI JP 1997-192413 B2 20080723 19970717 <--

The adsorbent sheets useful for removing and decompg. volatile org. compd. (VOC) emissions from ambient air in closed rooms and offices, etc. comprise (a) fine metal and/or metal oxide powder (av. diam. 0.01-10 µm), (b) adsorbing substances such as activated carbon, zeolites, silica gel, sepiolite, active alumina, hydroxyapatite or activated white clays (av. diam. apprx.300 µm), (c) thermoplastic resin powder, and (d) a nonwoven plastic or glass fiber support (porosity 60-99%). The adsorbent sheets may be clad or laminated on the surface of building material boards such as wall panels for removing VOC, cigarette odor, mercaptans from polluted air.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(activated, powder coating on nonwoven plastic or glass fiber support; as adsorbent sheets laminated on building material board for improved environmentally clean-up function)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	
HO	- 1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	1	7440-70-2

TT 9002-88-4

(powder coating on nonwoven plastic or glass fiber support; as adsorbent sheets laminated on building material board for improved environmentally clean-up function)

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

CMr CZ n

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ICM B32B007-02
    ICS A61L009-01; B01D053-04; B01J020-28; D21H027-20; E04B001-92
    59-4 (Air Pollution and Industrial Hygiene)
CC
IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 1344-28-1, Alumina, processes
    7440-44-0, Carbon, processes 9003-04-7, Sodium polyacrylate
        (activated, powder coating on nonwoven plastic or glass fiber
        support; as adsorbent sheets laminated on building material board
        for improved environmentally clean-up function)
ΙT
    1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, processes 1317-38-0, Copper oxide
    (CuO), processes 7429-90-5, Aluminum, processes 7439-89-6, Iron,
    processes 7439-95-4, Magnesium, processes 7439-96-5, Manganese,
    processes 7440-02-0, Nickel, processes 7440-05-3, Palladium,
    processes 7440-06-4, Platinum, processes 7440-21-3, Silicon,
    processes 7440-22-4, Silver, processes 7440-24-6, Strontium,
    processes 7440-32-6, Titanium, processes 7440-39-3, Barium, processes 7440-45-1, Cerium, processes 7440-50-8, Copper,
    processes 7440-62-2, Vanadium, processes 7440-66-6, Zinc, processes 7440-70-2, Calcium, processes 9002-88-4
    63800-37-3, Sepiolite
        (powder coating on nonwoven plastic or glass fiber support; as
        adsorbent sheets laminated on building material board for
        improved environmentally clean-up function)
L56 ANSWER 33 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
AN 127:140596 HCA Full-text
OREF 127:27025a,27028a
TI Implant materials and method for their manufacture
IN Shikinami, Yasuo; Kawarada, Hirovuki
PA Takiron Co., Ltd., Japan
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkvo Koho, 8 pp.
   CODEN: JKXXAF
DT Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                  KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
     _____
                                          _____
PI JP 09173435
                       A 19970708 JP 1995-352620
                                                                  199512
                                                                  2.7
                                                 /--
    JP 3243685
                        B2 20020107
```

19951227 <--

PRAT JP 1995-352620

AB Implant materials for prevention of loosening and dislocation in long-term prosthesis are prepd. by incorporation of biocompatible and bioactive bioceramic powder onto the surface layer of a biol. inactive or bioabsorbable thermoplastic polymer structure and heat treatment. The thermoplastic polymers are e.g. polyethylene and polypropylene and bioceramic powders are e.g. inactive hydroxyapatite and bioglass or bioabsorbable polylactic acid and lactic acid-qlycolic acid copolymer.

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene

(implant materials and method for their manuf.)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
	==+===		+	
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P		3	1	14265-44-2
Ca		5	I	7440-70-2

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

 $H_2C \longrightarrow CH_2$

RN 9003-07-0 HCA

CN 1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 115-07-1

CMF C3 H6

 $H_3C-CH-CH_2$

- IC ICM A61L027-00 ICS A61B017-58; A61F002-30 CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
- ST implant bioceramic thermoplastic polymer
- IΤ Plastics, biological studies (thermoplastics; implant materials and method for their
- ΙT 1306-01-0, Tetracalcium phosphate 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 7758-87-4, Tricalcium phosphate 9002-84-0, Polytetrafluoroethylene 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 13767-12-9, Octacalcium phosphate 14096-86-7 26023-30-3, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)] 26100-51-6, Polylactic acid 34346-01-5, Lactic acid-glycolic acid 80294-22-0, Ceravital copolymer
- (implant materials and method for their manuf.) OSC.G THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)
- L56 ANSWER 34 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 127:39757 HCA Full-text
- OREF 127:7519a,7522a
- TΙ Reinforcement of polyethylene and starch based thermoplastics with hydroxylapatite and bioactive glasses
- Reis, R. L.; Cunha, A. M.; Lacerda, S. R.; Fernandes, M. H.; ΑU Correia, R. N.
- Dep. Metallurgical Eng., Univ. Porto, Oporto, 4099, Port. CS
- Bioceramics, Proceedings of the International Symposium on Ceramics SO in Medicine (1996), 9, 435-438 CODEN: BPCMFX
- Elsevier PB
- DТ Journal
- LA
- English AB Both sintered hydroxylapatite (HA) and bioactive glasses (BG) of the SiO2-3CaO-P2O5-MgO system were incorporated into 2 different polymeric matrixes: polyethylene (PE) and starch-based biodegradable blends (SEVA), in wt. fractions varying from 10 to 30%. The composites were processed either by compression molding or injection molding, after a previous compounding stage. It was possible to attain a range of mech. properties that may allow the use of these materials on soft tissue replacement applications. As expected the increase in the amt. of reinforcement led to an increment in stiffness. However a redn. both in the tensile strength and strain at break was noticeable. The type of reinforcement and its granulometric distribution has a deep effect on the achieved mech. properties. Injection molding originated the best results due to a much more intensive shear mixing effect and to the higher mol. orientation of the matrix. Preliminary results on compounding by co-

rotating twin-screw extrusion prior to processing showed that modulus can be significantly enhanced by optimizing the composites processing route.

ΤТ 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite 9002-88-4, Polyethylene (reinforcement of polyethylene- and starch-based thermoplastics with hydroxylapatite and bioactive glasses)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- [Ratio	- [Component Registry Number
	+		-=+=	
HO	1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P		3		14265-44-2
Ca	1	5		7440-70-2

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

> CM 1

CRN 74-85-1

CMF C2 H4

H2C=CH2

CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

ST polyethylene thermoplastic composite hydroxylapatite bioactive glass; starch polyethylene composite

Prosthetic materials and Prosthetics TΤ Prosthetic materials and Prosthetics

> (composites, implants; reinforcement of polyethylene- and starch-based thermoplastics with hydroxylapatite and bioactive glasses)

Molding of plastics and rubbers ΙT

> (compression; reinforcement of polyethylene- and starch-based thermoplastics with hydroxylapatite and bioactive

glasses)

ΙT Molding of plastics and rubbers (injection; reinforcement of polyethylene- and starch-based thermoplastics with hydroxylapatite and bioactive glasses)

Strain IΤ

Tensile strength

(reinforcement of polyethylene- and starch-based thermoplastics with hydroxylapatite and bioactive glasses)

ΤТ Glass, biological studies

> (reinforcement of polyethylene- and starch-based thermoplastics with hydroxylapatite and bioactive glasses)

ΙT 1305-78-8, Calcium oxide (CaO), biological studies 1306-06-5 , Hydroxylapatite 1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide (MgO), biological studies 1314-56-3, Phosphorus oxide (P205), biological studies 7631-86-9, Silica, biological studies 9002-88-4,

Polyethylene 182801-80-5, Ethylene-vinyl alcohol-starch copolymer (reinforcement of polyethylene- and starch-based thermoplastics with hydroxylapatite and bioactive glasses)

OSC.G THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (6 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L56 ANSWER 35 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 124:234077 HCA Full-text

OREF 124:43375a,43378a Copper salts for laser marking of thermoplastic TΙ

compositions

Faber, Rein M.; Hoeks, Theodorus L.; Volkers, Andre TN

PA General Electric Co., USA

SO U.S., 7 pp. CODEN: USXXAM DT Patent

LA English

FAN.	CNT 1				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 5489639	A	19960206	US 1994-292644	
					199408 18
				<	
	EP 697433	A1	19960221	EP 1995-103734	
					199503 15
				<	
	EP 697433	В1	20030827		
	R: BE, DE, ES	, FR, GE	B, IT, NL		

. 19960723 JP 1995-209827 JP 08187951

PRAI US 1994-292644 A 19940818 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The compns. comprise copper salts (av. diam. \$10 \mum) selected from copper phosphate, copper sulfate, copper hydroxide phosphate and copper thiocyanate and thermoplastics (e.g., Valox 325C). The compns. can be laser marked to provide a visibly distinct and sep. identifiable region which preferably differs in overall color from the base material by a AE value of at least 10-20.

<--

IT 148791-53-1, Copper hydroxide phosphate

(copper salts for laser marking of thermoplastic compns.)

RN 148791-53-1 HCA

CN Copper hydroxide phosphate (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio		Component Registry Number
но	 	x	+- 	14280-30-9
04P		x	- 1	14265-44-2
Cu	- 1	x	- 1	7440-50-8

IT 24968-12-5, Valox 325C

(copper salts for laser marking of thermoplastic

compns.)

RN 24968-12-5 HCA

CN Poly(oxy-1,4-butanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08K003-32

INCL 524417000

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 73

ST laser marking copper salt thermoplastic; copper sulfate

polyester laser marking; thiocyanate copper thermoplastic laser marking; phosphate copper thermoplastic laser marking; sulfate copper thermoplastic laser marking ΙT Laser radiation Marking (copper salts for laser marking of thermoplastic Rubber, synthetic (vinylidene-based; copper salts for laser marking of thermoplastic compns.) Plastics (thermo-, copper salts for laser marking of thermoplastic compns.) 7758-98-7, Copper sulfate, uses 10103-48-7, Copper phosphate 26656-82-6, Copper thiocyanate 30981-48-7, Copper phosphate 148791-53-1, Copper hydroxide phosphate (copper salts for laser marking of thermoplastic compns.) 24968-12-5, Valox 325C (copper salts for laser marking of thermoplastic OSC.G 9 THERE ARE 9 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (9 CITINGS) RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L56 ANSWER 36 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN AN 124:120062 HCA Full-text OREF 124:22317a,22320a TI Manufacture of functionalized nonwoven fabrics by dry process IN Hiraide, Tsuneo PA Asahi Optical Co Ltd, Japan SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkvo Koho, 6 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent Japanese FAN.CNT 1 KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. DATE ----------PI JP 07268767 A 19951017 JP 1994-51888 199403

PRAI JP 1994-51888

IΤ

ΙT

ΙT

ΤТ

LA

19940323 <--

<--

23

AB Functional particles are added on at least the surface of nonwoven fabrics contg. at least partially thermoplastic polymer fibers, then at least the surface of the **thermoplastic** fibers are softened under heat to fix the particles on the surface to give the title products. Thus, porous hydroxyapatite (Ca/P 1.67) and polyethylene nonwoven fabric were mixed and treated by dry hot air to give a fabric supporting 22-25% of the particles.

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 25038-59-9, PET, uses

(fibers; dry hot fixing of functionalizing particles on nonwoven fabrics including thermoplastic resins)

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

H2C=CH2

RN 9003-07-0 HCA

CN 1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 115-07-1

CMF C3 H6

H3C-CH=CH2

RN 25038-59-9 HCA

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(particles; dry hot fixing of functionalizing particles on nonwoven fabrics including thermoplastic resins)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio		Component
	- 1		- 1	Registry Number
	==+==		==+=	
HO	- 1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca	1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

IC ICM D06M011-00

ICS A01N059-00; A61L009-01; D04H001-40; D04H003-00; D06M023-08

CC 40-10 (Textiles and Fibers)

ST functionalized nonwoven fabric dry fixing; thermoplastic fiber nonwoven fabric functionalization; heat fixing particle functionalization fabric; hydroxyapatite supported polyethylene nonwoven fabric

IT Molecular sieves

(dry hot fixing of functionalizing particles on nonwoven fabrics including thermoplastic resins)

IT Silica gel, uses

(dry hot fixing of functionalizing particles on nonwoven fabrics including thermoplastic resins)

IT Polyester fibers, uses

Polypropene fibers, uses

(dry hot fixing of functionalizing particles on nonwoven fabrics including thermoplastic resins)

IT Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics

Deodorants

(particles; dry hot fixing of functionalizing particles on nonwoven fabrics including thermoplastic resins)

IT Zeolites, uses

IΤ

(particles; dry hot fixing of functionalizing particles on nonwoven fabrics including thermoplastic resins)

Polyolefin fibers

(ethylene, dry hot fixing of functionalizing particles on nonwoven fabrics including thermoplastic resins)

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene

25038-59-9, PET, uses

(fibers; dry hot fixing of functionalizing particles on nonwoven fabrics including thermoplastic resins)

II 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses

7758-87-4, Tricalcium phosphate 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide, uses 173011-37-5, Kayamax

(particles; dry hot fixing of functionalizing particles on nonwoven fabrics including thermoplastic resins)

OSC.G 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1

L56 ANSWER 37 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 121:303022 HCA Full-text

OREF 121:55437a,55440a

TI Manufacture of functional nonwoven fabrics with odor absorption and antibacterial properties

IN Hiraide, Tsuneo; Hirayama, Yasuhiko; Futaki, Koji

PA Asahi Optical Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DI Pater

LA Japanese

13

JP 2916068 PRAI JP 1992-268474 B2 19990705 A1 19921007 <--

AB The title nonwoven fabrics are prepd. by impregnating or coating nonwoven fabrics comprising 10-100% thermoplastic polymer fibers (A) with aq. dispersion contg. 1-50% functional particles comprising Ca phosphate compds. having Ca-P mol ratio 1.0-2.0, TiO2, activated C, zeolites, mol. sieves, inorg. odor-absorbing agents, or inorg. bactericides and having particle diam. 0.01-200 µm and heat treating the fabrics above the softening temp. of A fibers. The nonwovens are useful for odor-absorbing sheets, filters for bacteria removal, surgical gowns, and health-care products (no data). A nonwoven fabric comprising 50% polyethylene fibers and 50% polyester fibers was impregnated with an aq. dispersion contg. 10% porous hydroxyapatite (I) with av. particle diam. 3.5 µm and heat treated at 130° to give a functional nonwoven fabric with I content 22%.

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IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

(fiber; manuf. of functional nonwoven fabrics with odor absorption and antibacterial properties)

RN 9002-88-4 HCA

CN Ethene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 74-85-1 CMF C2 H4

H2C==CH2

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3)

(functional finish; manuf. of functional nonwoven fabrics with odor absorption and antibacterial properties) $\,$

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	- 1	Component
				Registry Number
	=+=		==+=	
HO	- 1	1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P		3		14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5		7440-70-2

IC ICM D06M011-71

ICS D04H001-42; D21H017-63

ICI D06M101-16

CC 40-10 (Textiles and Fibers)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 25085-53-4, Isotactic polypropylene

(fiber; manuf. of functional nonwoven fabrics with odor absorption and antibacterial properties)

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) 1309-42-8,

Magnesium hydroxide (Mg(OH)2) 13463-67-7, Titanium dioxide, uses 13767-12-9, Tetracalcium phosphate

(functional finish; manuf. of functional nonwoven fabrics with odor absorption and antibacterial properties)

L56 ANSWER 38 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 117:214121 HCA Full-text

OREF 117:36999a,37002a

- TI Oriented polyester films with good abrasion resistance for magnetic tapes
- IN Suzuki, Toshitake; Konagaya, Yuji; Matsumoto, Haruo; Kuze, Katsuro
- PA Toyobo Co., Ltd., Japan; Nippon Magphane Co., Ltd.
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 04132743	A	19920507	JP 1990-253754	
					199009
					2.1

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PRAI JP 1990-253754 19900921 <--

AB The title films with low friction are prepd. from mixts. of a polyester with 0.1-10% thermoplastic resin which contains inert particles added during polymn. and has a lower dynamic modulus than the polyester. Melt kneading of 97.5 parts poly(ethylene terephthalate) (dynamic modulus 3.0 + 109 N/m2) with 2.5 parts adipic acid-butanediol-ethylene glycol-terephthalic acid copolymer contg. CaCO3 particles and having dynamic modulus 5.0 + 107 N/m2, extrusion of the blend, and biaxial stretching gave a film for magnetic tape.

IT 25038-59-9, uses

(blends contg., inert particle-filled, for magnetic tapes)

RN 25038-59-9 HCA

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite

(fillers, polyester blends contg., for magnetic tapes)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+===		===+==	
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	1	14265-44-2
Ca	1	5	i	7440-70-2

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IC ICM C08J005-18
ICS B29C055-02
ICI B29K067-00, B29L007-00, C08L067-02
CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
Section cross-reference(s): 37
IT 25038-59-9, uses
(blends contq., inert particle-fi
```

(blends contg., inert particle-filled, for magnetic tapes) 471-34-1, Calcium carbonate, uses 1306-06-5,

Hydroxyapatite 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate (fillers, polyester blends contg., for magnetic tapes)

L56 ANSWER 39 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 117:113208 HCA Full-text

OREF 117:19743a,19746a

TI Transparent abrasion-resistant oriented polyester films

IN Suzuki, Toshitake; Konagaya, Juji; Matsumoto, Haruo; Kuze, Katsuro PA Toyobo Co., Ltd., Japan; Nippon Magphane Co., Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

IΤ

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 04122738	A	19920423	JP 1990-243006	

199009 12

PRAI JP 1990-243006

19900912 <--

<--

AB The title films, useful for packaging films, base films for magnetic tapes, etc., are composed of inactive particle-free polyesters and 0.1-10% (based on polyesters) thermoplastic resins prepd. by polymn. in presence of inactive particles and whose glass transition point (Tg) is lower than that of the polyester. Thus, heating terephthalic acid 48, sebacic acid 52, and ethylene glycol 47 parts in presence of Zn(OAc)2, Sb2O3, and NaOAc at 240° and treating the product with 32 parts of a 30% slurry of CaCO3 in ethylene glycol in vacuo at 285° for 3 h gave CaCO3-contg. polyester (Tg -19°). Then, 97.5 parts ethylene glycol-terephthalic acid copolymer (Tg 74°) and 2.5 parts CaCO3-contg. polyester were melt blended, extruded at 290°, biaxially stretched at 90°, and heat set at 220° to give a 12-µm film with haze 5.1%, void 0.15%, and broken void d. 0.0 /mm2.

IT 25038-59-9P, Ethylene glycol-terephthalic acid copolymer, preparation

(prepn. of, blends with inert particle-contg.

thermoplastic resins, for transparent abrasion-resistant
oriented films)

RN 25038-59-9 HCA

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite

(thermoplastic resins contg., polyester blends, for transparent abrasion-resistant oriented films)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	1	Ratio	1	Component
	 ==+==		 ===+==	Registry Number
HO	i	1	i	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	- 1	7440-70-2
		3 5	1	

- IC ICM C08J005-18 ICS B29C055-12
- ICI B29K067-00, B29L007-00, C08L067-00
- CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
- ST polyester film transparent abrasion resistance; thermoplastic blend polyester film transparent; calcium carbonate filler polyester film; oriented film polyester
- IT Abrasion-resistant materials

Transparent materials

(polyester-thermoplastic resin blend films contg. inert fillers as)

IT Plastics, film

(polyester-thermoplastic resin blends, oriented, transparent, with good abrasion resistance)

IT Polyesters, uses

(thermoplastic resin blends, oriented films, transparent, with good abrasion resistance)

IΤ Packaging materials

> (films, oriented, polyester-thermoplastic resin blends, transparent, with good abrasion resistance)

ΙT Recording apparatus

> (magnetic tapes, base films, polyester-thermoplastic resin blends for)

ΙT 25038-59-9P, Ethylene glycol-terephthalic acid copolymer, preparation

(prepn. of, blends with inert particle-contg.

thermoplastic resins, for transparent abrasion-resistant oriented films)

ΙT 471-34-1, Calcium carbonate, uses 1306-06-5,

Hydroxylapatite 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate

(thermoplastic resins contg., polyester blends, for transparent abrasion-resistant oriented films)

L56 ANSWER 40 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 116:215934 HCA Full-text

OREF 116:36597a,36600a

Oriented polyester films for magnetic tapes TΙ

IN Suzuki, Toshitake; Nishino, Yasuhiro; Matsumoto, Haruo; Kuze, Katsuro

Toyobo Co., Ltd., Japan; Nippon Magphane Co., Ltd. PA

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. SO

CODEN: JKXXAF

DΤ Patent

LA Japanese

FA

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE		
	KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		_
PI JP 03247631 A 19911105 JP 1990-44093	A 19911105 JP 1990-44093	100002

23

PRAI JP 1990-44093

19900223 <--

<--

The title films, showing good transparency and abrasion resistance AB and low void formation around inert particles, contain inert particles which are surface treated with a thermoplastic resin having glass temp. (Tq) below the Tq of the polyester. An oriented PET (Tq 67°) film contq. CaCO3 particles treated with a polyester (Vylon; Tq 50°) showed haze 6.2%, void vol. 0.30%, and fracture void 0.2/mm2, vs. 13.2, 1.35, and 1.2, resp., with untreated CaCO3.

1306-06-5, Hydroxyapatite ΙT

(filler, polyester film contg., for magnetic recording tape)

1306-06-5 HCA RN

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	- 1	Ratio	1	Component
			1	Registry Number
	==+==		===+=	
HO		1	- 1	14280-30-9
04P		3	- 1	14265-44-2
Ca		5	- 1	7440-70-2

- IT 25038-59-9, PET polymer, uses
- (film, contg. polymer-treated fillers, for magnetic recording tape)
- RN 25038-59-9 HCA
- CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

- IT 24968-11-4
 - (film, filler-contg., for magnetic recording tape)
- RN 24968-11-4 HCA
- CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-2,6-naphthalenediylcarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

- IC ICM C08J005-18
 - ICS C08K009-04; C08L067-02
- ICA B29C055-02
- ICI B29K067-00, B29L007-00, C08L067-02

```
ΙT
     471-34-1, Calcium carbonate, uses 1306-06-5,
     Hydroxyapatite 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate
        (filler, polyester film contq., for magnetic recording tape)
ΙT
    25038-59-9, PET polymer, uses
        (film, contq. polymer-treated fillers, for magnetic recording
ΙT
    24968-11-4 25230-87-9, Ethylene
    glycol-2,6-naphthalenedicarboxylic acid copolymer
        (film, filler-contg., for magnetic recording tape)
L56 ANSWER 41 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
    116:46359 HCA Full-text
AN
OREF 116:7893a,7896a
TΙ
   Manufacture of artificial bone with synthetic fibers, polymers, and
    hvdroxvlapatite
IN
   Hino, Kenichi; Okami, Katsutoshi
PA Kuraray Co., Ltd., Japan
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                                        APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                                               DATE
PI JP 03182244
                       A 19910808 JP 1989-319641
                                                                198912
                                                                0.8
                                               <--
                       B2 19991213
    JP 2989624
PRAI JP 1989-319641
                              19891208 <--
     Fibrous strands are impregnated with a thermoplastic resin or other
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38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

resins that may be hardened for the manuf. of artificial bone. An artificial bone comprises the fibrous materials, a polymerizable monomer, and a calcium phosphate ceramic. A polymerizable resin compn. was prepd. which consisted of (1) hydroxylapatite powder (0.1-500 μm in diam). (2) polyarylate fibers (Vectran) impregnated with Me methacrylate polymer and (3) a soln. contg. bisphenol A polyethoxy dimethacrylate 40, 2,2-bis[p-(Y-methacryloxy-β-hydroxypropoxy)phenyl]propane 30, triethylene glycol dimethacrylate 30, camphorquinone 1, p-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoic acid Et ester 1, and di-tert-butylhydroxytoluene 0.05 part by wt. This compn. was placed

in a mold, polymd, under a visible light irradn, for 1 min to give a

bone substitute.
II 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite

CC

(artificial bone manuf. with polymeric fibers and)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component		Ratio	 R	Component egistry Number
	+		+	
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	1	14265-44-2
Ca	- 1	5	1	7440-70-2

IT 9011-14-7, Methyl methacrylate polymer

(polyester fiber impregnated with, in prepn. of artificial bone)

RN 9011-14-7 HCA

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

IC ICM A61F002-28

ICS A61L027-00

CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT 1306-06-5, Hydroxylapatite 14808-60-7, Quartz, biological studies

(artificial bone manuf. with polymeric fibers and)

IT 9011-14-7, Methyl methacrylate polymer

(polyester fiber impregnated with, in prepn. of artificial bone)

L56 ANSWER 42 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 100:104493 HCA Full-text

OREF 100:15901a,15904a

TI Reinforcing thermoplastic resins

PA Agency of Industrial Sciences and Technology, Japan; Mitsubishi Mining and Cement Co., Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

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FAN.CNT 1
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PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ____ PI JP 58154740 A 19830914 JP 1982-32852 198203 01

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JP 58055179 B 19831208 PRAI JP 1982-32852

19820301 <--

Thermoplastic resins reinforced with 5-300 phr columnar or needlelike cryst., synthetic ellestadite (I) [12415-31-5] filler have good dynamic and thermal properties. Thus, 100 parts PVC (103 EP) [9002-86-2] was blended with synthetic I 25-100, stabilizer 3-4, and lubricant 1.5-2 parts to give reinforced PVC.

9002-86-2 9003-07-0 TT

(fillers for, synthetic ellestadite as)

9002-86-2 HCA RN

CN Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75-01-4 CMF C2 H3 C1

H2C==CH-C1

9003-07-0 HCA RN

CN 1-Propene, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 115-07-1 CMF C3 H6

H3C-CH=CH2

IT 12415-31-5

(synthetic, fillers, for PVC and polypropylene)

RN 12415-31-5 HCA

CN Ellestadite (Ca5[Cl0-1F0-1(OH)0-1]([(SiO4)0.5(SO4)0.5]0.5-1(PO4)0-

0.5)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

	0.3/3/	(C21 114D)	321 14711111	,				
		1			Com	ry Nu	mber	
C1 04Si 04S F HO 04P Ca			0 - 1 0.75 -	1.5 1.5	2 1 1 1 1		15-1 37-2 79-8 94-8 30-9 44-2	
CC	9002-86- (fill 12415-31	astics I -2 9003-6 ers for -5	7-0 synth	etic ell	Processi estadite C and pol	as)	ylene)	
TI IN PA SO DT LA	99:10631 99:16375 Thermopl	.7 HCA 5a,163788 astic modeliner, gy AG . Appl.	Full-to	<u>ext</u> composit Kainmue tz.	ion		STN	
r AN .	PATENT N	10.	KI:	ND DAT	E	APPLI	CATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	EP 78238		A	1 198	30504		82-810436	198210 22
	EP 78238 R: US 44567	CH, DE,	FR, GB		, NL	US 19	82-435831	198210 21
	CA 12009	45	A	1 198	60218		< 82-414206	198210

26

SR 8206289 A 19830920 BR 1982-6289 198210 27

JP 58083051 A 19830518 JP 1982-189976 198210

28

--лр 05025902 В 19930414

PRAI CH 1981-6879 A 19811028 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT AB A Ca phosphate such as hydroxylapatite (I) is added to a

A Ca phosphate such as hydroxylapatite (I) is added to a thermoplastic such as poly(butylene terephthalate) (II) [24968-12-5] to improve the tracking current resistance during moldings of the thermoplastic and to inhibit corrosion when the thermoplastics are fire-resistant compns. contg. Br compds. and Sb203 and are in contact with metal surfaces. Thus, a mixt. of 90% II and 10% I (particle size 3 u) gave moldings with tracking current resistance >600 V.

IT 24968-12-5 25038-59-9, uses and miscellaneous

(calcium phosphate-filled, with improved tracking current resistance)

RN 24968-12-5 HCA

CN Poly(oxy-1,4-butanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 25038-59-9 HCA

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 1306-06-5

(fillers, polyesters contg., for improved tracking current resistance and low corrosion)

RN 1306-06-5 HCA

CN Hydroxylapatite (Ca5(OH)(PO4)3) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	[[Ratio	1	Component Registry Number
	==+==		===+==	
HO	1	1	1	14280-30-9
04P	- 1	3	1	14265-44-2
Ca	1	5	- 1	7440-70-2

- IC C08K003-32; C08L067-02; H01B003-42
- CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
- IT 24968-12-5 25038-59-9, uses and miscellaneous 26062-94-2 62318-41-6

(calcium phosphate-filled, with improved tracking current resistance)

IT 1306-06-5 7757-93-9 7758-87-4

(fillers, polyesters contg., for improved tracking current resistance and low corrosion)

OSC.G 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (9

L56 ANSWER 44 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 87:24259 HCA Full-text

OREF 87:3859a,3862a

- TI Cellular foams containing polyesters
- IN Kurisu, Shizuka; Hirabayashi, Yasuji; Kawase, Shoji
- PA Teijin, Ltd., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

- DT Patent
- LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 52043871	A	19770406	JP 1975-119695	
					197510
					0.6

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PRAI JP 1975-119695 A 19751006 <--

AB Foams with improved expansion ratio were prepd. by extruding compns. contg. a thermoplastic polyester, bisphenol A-phosgene copolymer (I) [25971-63-5], and a Na, Li, Ca, Zn, Mn, Fe, Co, Cr, Al, Bi, or K salt of carbonic acid, acetic acid, phosphoric acid, nitric acid, heteropolyacid, or homopolyacid blowing agent at 250-350°. Thus, a blend contg. poly(ethylene terephthalate) [25038-59-9] 100, I 4, and Li2CO3 1 part was extruded at 270° to give a foam with apparent sp. gr. 0.5, compared with 1.4 for a foam obtained from a similar compn. contg. NaCl instead of Li2CO3.

IT 24968-11-4

(blowing agent for, calcium acetate as)

RN 24968-11-4 HCA

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-2,6-naphthalenediylcarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 24968-12-5

(blowing agent for, dipotassium hydrogen phosphate or sodium phosphoromolydate as)

RN 24968-12-5 HCA

CN Poly(oxy-1,4-butanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 25038-59-9, uses and miscellaneous

(blowing agent for, metal salts as)

RN 25038-59-9 HCA

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 59088-14-1

(blowing agents, for poly(butylene terephthalate))

RN 59088-14-1 HCA

CN Molybdenum sodium hydroxide oxide phosphate (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	 	Ratio	Component Registry Number
	-=+==		+========
0		x	17778-80-2
HO		x	14280-30-9
04P		x	14265-44-2
Na	- 1	x	7440-23-5
Mo	- 1	x	7439-98-7

- IC C08J009-08
- CC 36-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
- IT 24968-11-4 25230-87-9
 - (blowing agent for, calcium acetate as)
- IT 24968-12-5 26062-94-2

(blowing agent for, dipotassium hydrogen phosphate or sodium

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25038-59-9, uses and miscellaneous
        (blowing agent for, metal salts as)
ΤТ
       (blowing agents, for poly(butylene terephthalate))
L56 ANSWER 45 OF 45 HCA COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
    86:156670 HCA Full-text
AN
OREF 86:24615a,24618a
    Thermoplastic resin beads
TI
IN Weil, Richard C.
PA United States Steel Corp., USA
SO U.S., 8 pp.
    CODEN: USXXAM
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
                KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                                                          DATE
    _____
    -----
PI US 4013550
                       A 19770322 US 1975-598088
                                                                197507
                                                               2.2
                                              <--
PRAI US 1975-598088
                              19750722 <--
ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
     Polystyrene (I) [9003-53-6] beads having uniform particle size were
     obtained by coating the particles with an inorg, phosphate or
     carbonate salt to avoid agglomeration of the fines due to static
     charge buildup and classifying by successive screening to obtain the
     desired fractions. Thus, mixing I beads with 2000 ppm
     hydroxylapatite [55575-17-2] allowed sepn. to 98-100% 40+ mesh
     particle size even at relatively high screening rates, e.g. 276 lb/h-
     ft2.
    55575-17-2
ΙT
       (classification with, of polystyrene beads, for uniform particle
       size)
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Hydroxylapatite, fluorian (Ca5[(OH)0.5-0.9F0.1-0.5](PO4)3) (CA

Componer	nt 	Ratio	 Re	Component egistry Number
	+		+	
F	1	0.1 - 0.5	1	14762-94-8
HO		0.5 - 0.9	1	14280-30-9
04P	1	3	1	14265-44-2

55575-17-2 HCA

INDEX NAME)

RN CN

phosphoromolydate as)

TT

```
5 | 7440-70-2
Ca
ΙT
    9003-53-6
       (control of particle size of, by classification with inorg.
       phosphates or carbonates)
RN
    9003-53-6 HCA
CN
    Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
    CRN 100-42-5
    CMF C8 H8
H_2C = CH - Ph
TC B03B001-04
INCL 209009000
CC
    37-2 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
ΙT
    546-93-0 55575-17-2
       (classification with, of polystyrene beads, for uniform particle
       size)
    9003-53-6
TΤ
       (control of particle size of, by classification with inorg.
       phosphates or carbonates)
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